

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSION ON PROBATION

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1921



BOSTON

WRIGHT & POTTER PRINTING CO., STATE PRINTERS
32 DERNE STREET

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COMMISSION ON PROBATION.

ROBERT O. HARRIS, *Chairman.* CHARLES M. DAVENPORT.
JOHN PERRINS. EDWIN MULREADY.
THOMAS H. DOWD.

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OFFICE, 174 COURT HOUSE, PEMBERTON SQUARE, BOSTON.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION ON PROBATION.

To the Honorable Senate and the House of Representatives in General Court assembled.

The Commission on Probation respectfully submits this thirteenth report of the probation work of the courts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1921.

The report of the Deputy Commissioner is submitted herewith, and itself deserves careful study. Its contents will be referred to later.

Since the establishment of the Commission in 1908, until during the present year, in all, for over a dozen years, two of the original members have continued as valuable members of the Commission. Judge William Sullivan, associate justice of the Municipal Court of the City of Boston, declined reappointment when his term expired in July, 1921; and former Judge Robert Orr Harris of the Superior Court, chairman of the Commission for the last twelve years, resigned because of his appointment as United States attorney for the district of Massachusetts. Also, Mr. Edwin Mulready, who had served for five years as a member of the Commission, and before that, with a short intervening interim, for six years as its deputy commissioner, resigned upon his appointment as chief probation officer of the Superior Court for Suffolk County. Judge Thomas H. Dowd, associate justice of the Municipal Court of the City of Boston, was appointed to succeed Judge Sullivan. Miss Mary Elizabeth Driscoll, active in social service work during the war, and an executive of the national government in juvenile protective work, was appointed to succeed Judge Harris. Allison G. Catheron, Esq., at one time chief probation

officer for Suffolk County in the Superior Court, succeeded Mr. Mulready. Within the year, therefore, the majority of the Commission, for the first time since it came into being, has changed. The general policies of the Commission have and and doubtless will continue substantially the same.

During the year there has been widespread discussion in the public press and elsewhere of the so-called "crime wave" which it has been assumed pervades the land, and various sorts of explanations of its causes and of the remedies for it have been offered. Some have charged the use of probation in disposition of criminal cases as one of the causes.

It is indisputable that social unrest has been wide and that an industrial depression, not only in our own land but throughout the civilized world, has been concurrent with it. Economists, historians, psychologists and criminologists all agree that such is an expected and usual aftermath of war. Heretofore wars have been localized as to parties and as to countries involved; but in the World War almost every civilized country in the world participated, not only in material resources, but in fighting contingents. Therefore it was entirely to be expected that by so much more widespread as was the participation, by so much more widespread would be its effects. During the four years of the titanic struggle those individuals of every land of violent and lawless tendencies were either preoccupied directly in the war or in the preparation for it, and they were less in evidence, but at its close they were released from their engrossments and relaxed into their old tendencies; and the general war and post-war conditions, true to historic precedent, have augmented their numbers. Naturally, therefore, there has been greater frequency of crime, particularly of violence, everywhere; and this is not only so in our own land, but, according to the latest statistics available, at least also in England and France. This is probably a temporary condition, but its causes are world-wide, are partly economic, partly international, and, at all events, obviously are much deeper and more diffuse than the frequently ascribed cause of faulty administration of law, or because of the continued use of probation within our own State, as some would imply the chief cause to be. In fact, in many States where there is no, or

almost no, use of probation, the same conditions prevail as elsewhere.

Confronted by such conditions, and by a general tendency abroad among mankind of assuming that personal ends justify the means to accomplish them, even though in themselves unlawful and involving violation of law, and by the battlefield practice of each being a law unto himself, and by some newer practices of old crimes, such, for instance, as those connected with automobile thieveries and automobile robberies, all branches of criminal court administration have been put to severe test to protect the community and at the same time to do justice to all involved in the correction of the erring individual.

Probation as one of the adjuncts of criminal administration has had its share of test by fire, so to speak. By some it seems to have been accepted that probation was a sort of cure-all, to be applied with success at will, either upon motion of the judge or of the convicted or of his attorney; and that if the offender again appeared in court as an offender, then the remedy of probation in itself was a futile one. Probation is nothing of the sort; nor is it a mere extension of prison walls. Successful results from it are much, for example, like successful results from surgery, — largely relevant, and dependent upon complicated adjustments, such as the niceties of the surgical operation itself and the responsiveness from the human factors involved.

While surgery itself as an instrumentality is one of the greatest human benefits, yet its success depends upon the fortunate concurrence of all the following human elements, viz.: the diagnosis itself must be correct; the patient must be a proper subject to be operated upon; the operation itself must be by a successful operator; the after-care must be careful and intelligent; the patient must be obedient to the treatment prescribed; and the environmental conditions during convalescence must be favorable. Disregard of any of these elements will almost certainly produce an untoward result. Yet if such a result is not produced there is no reflection upon surgery as a human aid. It will not be abandoned, even if there are some unsuccessful operations. As for successful

surgery, so for successful probation, — the several various contributing human elements must fortunately concur, viz.: there must be a proper individual for probation, and the diagnosis that he or she is such must be made by one practiced in the art of determination; the supervision must be competent and careful; the probationer must be responsive; and the environmental conditions must be favorable and helpful. If any of these factors fail, or are non-existent, the chances are against a successful probation.

At the outset, when a criminal case is up for disposition, it is impossible to determine with any degree of accuracy whether all of these factors will happily concur, and many times, even, to approximately forecast it. Yet if the individual is a proper one for probation, and if skill and wisdom are exercised in determining this, then, although there may be an unsuccessful result, perhaps from the failure of some contributing beneficial factors, it is no reason for withholding the trial of the remedy, or for condemning the remedy itself upon the showing which results.

It would seem constructive at this period, when there has been criticism of probation as a part of judicial machinery, to refer more at length than usual to some of its components and adjustments.

In Massachusetts the probation law has the widest discretionary scope, to wit: in the Superior Court any person before it charged with crime may be placed on probation, and in any court in Massachusetts any person who has been convicted may be placed on probation, so that the successful application of probation necessarily involves certain human qualifications in the judges, to whom is given the power to make use of probation, which would not perhaps be otherwise so essentially important for their other judicial functions. This wide power differs from that in most States, where the power to place on probation is restricted to certain classes of offences, or to certain classes of individuals. Virtually in Massachusetts, however, the decision whether to place any given individual on probation, or to commit him, when convicted, rests in the discretion of the presiding judge of the court. This requires that the judge exercising this power should have a discriminating

knowledge of human nature; a careful selective sense; a wide knowledge of the community conditions where the probationer is to successfully work out his salvation, or fail in the effort; a workable experience as to what sort of individuals have proven successful subjects for probation, and as to what sort his particular probation officer or officers can successfully handle on probation. While this last feature also concerns considerably the qualifications of the probation officer, it is also one of the niceties of the probation essentials of the judge.

Probation should not be granted to the incorrigibles, — those who have been disclosed as being fixed criminals and from whom society demands and deserves protection. Nor should it be granted, a second time, at least, to those whose offences show that only some restraining corrective or deterrent will prove effective. Probation is typically for that class of offenders who have no abiding criminal nature, but need only disciplining and the strength which rigid supervision many times gives. But whether they are of this last class should be disclosed by proper investigation preliminary to probation. Many of the failures are because of after developments, as to which, if investigated in advance, the investigation would have disclosed that the individual was wholly an improper person for probation. For example, the probationer should not be of so defective a type mentally or of such personal habits as to be predestined to failure, no matter how careful the supervision or how favorable the environment may be.

As important as the proper selection of the case is the proper supervision afterwards. The probationer and the supervisor must be adapted, or else adaptable, to each other. A quick-tempered, excitable probation officer is useless for successfully handling a probationer of the same general temperament. The good effect of the supervision in such a case is at the outset practically nullified. The officer must be sympathetic, kindly and firm, but never officious, bumptious or heedless, particularly with those of the probationer's family or kindred, who are usually not only the real sufferers, but likewise are the real mainstays of the offender.

The probationer must be one whose past conduct indicates that he is likely to be responsive and amenable to such disci-

pline as the system can provide, and to have a sense of responsiveness to the benefits available.

To secure favorable environment for many sorts of cases, particularly those whose troubles have befallen because of their susceptibility to local temptations, is one of the most difficult problems for a probation officer. Transplanting juveniles and family heads to other environments is almost beyond the present-day resources of the probation officer. Yet many times such a resource would be perhaps the turning factor, if it were available.

The foregoing are not new conceptions, but are some of the everyday problems and everyday essentials of probation which, because of recurrent misconceptions, are reviewed to re-emphasize that probation is only a limited human agency for the correction of erring human beings, and not a panacea for the eradication of all crime or the sure prevention of all violations of law. Its defects are administrative, and lie principally in the wrong selection of cases and in their inadequate supervision afterwards.

Massachusetts has been making use of probation in the disposition of criminal cases, in a progressive way, since 1878, yet there has never been any thoroughgoing survey of the permanency of its after-results. What is known in this respect is inferred from whether or not the probationer has been brought into court again, and an occasional particularly industrious probation officer has tried to find out, in a necessarily limited way, how those he can get track of have done in after years. It would seem to be a service of great value to the courts, to the probation officers, and to the general cause of intelligent administration of criminal law if a thorough and scientifically conducted study of the post-probationers were made. This would disclose some facts as to what class of offences and what class of individuals were most successfully handled by probation, and would reveal, also, whether the discipline thereby given was permanently or only temporarily effective. A beginning upon such an inquiry, though perhaps at the outset limited in its scope as to kind of cases and extent of area investigated, should be undertaken at the earliest possible opportunity.

The proper disposition of certain classes of cases coming into the criminal courts is recognized as an unsolved problem. One very trying and difficult problem of this class is that of the pregnant woman and of the pregnant girl. There are many instances still where commitments are made of this class upon hardly more reason than the fact that this condition exists, and some immediate care must be available. Private agencies have done much to help the courts in meeting the problem; but for the sake of all concerned, including the offspring to be born, commitment should be avoided if there is any other way available or which can be developed, with any promise of help. Probation for such is used effectively by many courts, and should be by all, except in very rare cases. Recognition should generally be given to the fact that the period itself furnishes successful opportunity for the strongest appeals, and that perhaps nothing else works such changes in the mental attitude of the individual. If such individuals can be cared for in the community successfully after the birth, they ought to be so cared for up to that time. It is a typical case, so far as the discipline which probation offers, for the application of probation, with every chance of successful results. The mere fact that such cases require an unproportionate amount of time and attention in the adjustments and location of the probationer is no reason why such disposition should not be made.

A field for the utilization of probation officers which has not been made use of in Massachusetts, but which has been much used in other States,—in those States where such courts exist,—is their use in domestic relations courts. The custody of children, and determining the facts upon which the awarding of custody turns, is for the most part a juvenile problem, which competent probation officers have been found to be the most qualified to handle. The probation officers have for a long time been used in Massachusetts in “non-support” cases with success; and as time goes on other purely domestic problems will without question be handled with less regard for strict legal procedure, and with more emphasis on equitable and social adjustments, and naturally probation officers will be more and more used to advise on questions or disposition, after

home investigations are made. The Commission does not advocate this extension of probation work, but merely points out what the tendency has been in other States, and what it believes is a usual development when the appreciation becomes more general that some of the questions involved are the same as those handled at present.

The report of the Deputy Commissioner below shows the steady growth of probation since the Commission was established in 1909. The number per 1,000 of convicted offenders placed upon probation has remained practically the same, that is, at about 250 out of 1,000, — practically one-fourth of the total dispositions. The number of cases filed upon conviction for the past year was 308 out of every 1,000 convictions. While the number thus disposed of is no larger than last year, it should be borne in mind that none of the cases disposed of in that way come under the discipline or supervision of a probation officer, and the only discipline from such dispositions is that of the court proceedings. This furnishes food for thought.

It is noteworthy that not a single burglar or other person convicted of the more serious crimes of violence was placed on probation the past year. This is salutary and shows a purpose to protect the public.

While the arrests for drunkenness in the whole State for the year totaled 57,716, this was only about half the ordinary number before prohibition took effect, but the disposition of those cases shows that drunkenness complicated other offences much less than before.

The majority of probation cases are those of offenders against public order, or a group numbering 10,910, of which 7,469 were for drunkenness, the balance being 369 stubborn children, 296 trespassers, 138 vagrants, 185 carriers of dangerous weapons, 319 disturbers of the peace, 334 gamesters, 143 idle and disorderly, and 753 violators of the liquor law. This enumeration gives a good idea of the kind of cases in which probation is applied. The report of the Deputy Commissioner shows in detail the distribution of other offences among the various crimes which received disposition other than probation, to which your attention is respectfully directed.

The Deputy Commissioner's report also shows graphically the large number of informal complaints referred to probation officers before formal complaints were made, totaling in six months, 5,622. Almost 3,000 of these were adjusted by the probation officer, and only 780 of the whole resulted in court action. Of the total number of 5,622 cases, 1,866 cases were of juveniles, and 1,556 of these juvenile cases were adjusted without subsequent court action. This is a telling illustration of what constructive work probation officers do in the community outside their strict legal duties.

The increased use of the Bureau of Criminal Records of the Commission constantly shows the necessity of such a source of information for the use of the courts. Last year almost 17,000 inquiries were made of the Bureau for its records.

The foregoing report is respectfully submitted.

CHARLES M. DAVENPORT, *Chairman*,
JOHN PERRINS,
THOMAS H. DOWD,
ALLISON G. CATHERON,
MARY ELIZABETH DRISCOLL,

Commission on Probation.

Boston, July 15, 1922.

REPORT OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.

To the Honorable Commission on Probation.

GENTLEMEN:— I have the honor to submit my eighth annual report, as the executive officer of the Commission, for the year ending Sept. 30, 1921, the thirteenth since the Commission was established.

Statistically measured, every feature of the probation service shows an advance this year. The number of persons placed on probation is larger by more than 5,000 than in 1920; the number remaining on probation at the end of the year — the probation population — is, with a single exception, the largest of record; the collections of money reach a new high total, even though they passed the million dollar mark the year before; the extent of the out-of-court work by our officers has broadened. So far as numbers show progress, there has been progress. Dimensional measurements are not conclusive as to a service that deals with human beings with a view to betterment of their behavior and condition, nor as to one that is a part of the State's correctional system and shares in accountability for the peace and order of the community. But if they show an increased reliance upon the particular service the inference is reasonable that it continues to merit confidence.

Probation is only an instrument placed in the hands of the courts. Its larger or smaller use is entirely within the individual judge's option. If it answers the high purpose for which criminal courts exist, the community's protection, it will be increasingly employed; if it fails to meet the requirements, its restriction will naturally follow. Hence the statistics gathered by the Commission give illumination as to the value placed upon probation by the courts, primarily, and by the general public, whose estimate the courts in no slight measure reflect.

CASES PLACED ON PROBATION.

The number of persons placed "in the care of" probation officers — this is the statute phrase — during the year covered by this report (ending Sept. 30, 1921) is 23,845. While this number is 5,636 larger than in 1920, it is not the largest shown by any one year. The number of probation cases in the years covered by the Commission's reports has been —

1909	13,967	1916	28,953
1910	15,518	1917	30,588
1911	15,887	1918	24,017
1912	17,538	1919	24,537
1913	21,074	1920	18,209
1914	24,714	1921	23,845
1915	27,994		

The fairly steady and very marked gain in the number of cases from 1909 to 1915 showed an increasing resort to probation by the courts. The fluctuations since that time reflect the changes in the volume of criminal business in the courts. The reliance by the courts upon probation is more accurately tested by the proportion of such cases to the total number eligible. The basis for comparison is the total number of convicted offenders, because it is from those who have been found guilty that the probation assignments are made.

By this test it appears that out of 1,000 convicted offenders the number placed on probation in 1916 was 262; in 1917, 252; in 1918, 257; in 1919, 254; in 1920, 232; in 1921, 247. This showing reveals that the proportion of probation dispositions to the whole number is strikingly uniform. It does not vary far from one-quarter of the total dispositions. It went to its lowest point in 1920, but has in 1921 returned to the average. It is the nearest to static of any of the forms by which the courts dispose of their offenders. In contrast, the number committed to prison and jail has undergone greater change, being reduced as low as 55 sentenced to confinement out of 1,000 convicted in 1920, and rising this year to 77.

OTHER DISPOSITIONS AND LARGER VOLUME.

The proportion of cases disposed of by a fine is this year 352 out of 1,000 convicted, against 388 in 1920. The case was filed upon conviction to the number of 308 out of 1,000 as against 315 in 1920. Only 16 persons out of 1,000 were committed to jail for non-payment of fine, although this number shows a relatively large increase from the 9 out of 1,000 convicted offenders who were sent to jail for non-payment in 1920. The actual number of commitments for this form of debt in 1921 was 1,513.

The courts were called upon to pass upon 96,680 persons convicted of offence during the year. This is larger by 18,104 than in 1920, when the total was the lowest in recent history. The increased arrests for drunkenness in large part account for this gain. After about half of the persons arrested for drunkenness had been released by probation officers without being brought to court, there were 29,526 found guilty and requiring court disposition, — 10,469 more than in 1920. For other offences than drunkenness there were 7,635 more convicted persons.

INCREASE IN ADULT CASES.

The marked change in the nature of the cases committed to probation care is that the persons so treated are much older. The juvenile group showed a very slight gain, and was actually smaller in the number of children under twelve years. The number between thirteen and sixteen increased by less than 6 per cent. The group between seventeen and twenty years of age gained by 8 per cent; between thirty-one and forty, by 48 per cent; between forty-one and fifty, by 51 per cent; over fifty, by 69 per cent. It emphasizes the fact that probation deals with adults in Massachusetts to note that about half the number of persons placed in our care are over thirty years old, the number being 12,472, and that of these, 1,756 are over fifty years.

MORE THAN 16,000 IN PROBATION POPULATION.

At the close of the year there were 16,096 persons on probation. This is, with one exception, the largest probation

population ever recorded. As showing the placement of convicted persons, it may be compared with the 3,300 who on the same day were confined in State and county penal and reformatory institutions. As showing the burden upon probation officers, it may be compared with the 13,925 at the end of 1920, with 15,303 in 1919, and with 16,222 in 1917, the highest previous record.

Uneasiness in the public mind, caused by the occurrence of violent crimes, has this year called into question the entire operation of correctional machinery. As a matter of fact, Massachusetts has experienced less of the phenomenon known as "a wave of crime" than certain other States. But not many startling crimes are needed to awaken discussion and to lead to summary conclusions. The agitation is for severer penalties and for restriction of probation and parole. The assumption is that what are spoken of as lenient forms of treatment are the cause of offending, or offer encouragement to lawbreakers. The persons who publicly share in the demand for severer treatment rarely if ever put themselves in the place of the judge who is called upon daily to face numbers of human problems, and who has the responsibility of so handling them as not only to do justice but to re-enforce the protection of the public. He is not indifferent to public need when he refuses to be stampeded into a return to an inflexible and indiscriminate vindictive or punitive policy. Neither the laws nor the courts of our State are put to new defences by any of the developments of a disturbed period. What has place in this report is a study of the probation plan as it is now being carried out.

SELECTION OF PROBATION CASES.

There is no essential value in a showing of a larger number of probation cases. The number could be reduced without a reflection upon the system if it were brought about through a more painstaking and better informed study of the cases. The probation service does not dictate as to its assignments. The officers would doubtless welcome a reduction in their load. The responsibility is on the courts, and the probation officer has just the two duties of supplying the court with all available information, and accepting as a serious task the handling,

to the best possible results, the cases placed in his care. The limit of his share in the selection of cases is the power to recommend to the court as to probation, and as to this it is to be observed that probation officers are duly cautious in what they recommend, and the courts duly cautious in following the recommendations. The officers are stoutly on the side of careful choice of probation cases, and little likely to be swerved by sentimental considerations.

PROBATION NOT GIVEN DETERMINED OFFENDERS.

Determined offenders, professional criminals and desperate offenders are not placed on probation in this State. Not a single burglar, for example, was given probation this year. The system is not for them, and it is not the practice of the courts to give them the benefit of it. These offenders appreciate probation; they pay it the dubious compliment of their approval; their counsel often press for it; prosecuting attorneys sometimes regard it as a good compromise arrangement. But appreciation by the criminal, who values it as better than prison walls and resorts to it as easier to obtain from the court than outright filing of the case, is not the sort of tribute to its worth that the probation service wants, or that it can gratefully accept.

OFFENCES OF PERSONS GIVEN PROBATION.

Offences committed by the persons who are placed on probation cover very nearly the entire range of crimes and misdemeanors. There is no limit in the power given to the courts. The reliance is upon the discretion of the courts, and a study of the table of offences (Table 9) will show that it is not exercised in a way to encourage criminals. Extreme offences do not appear in the list. Murder, manslaughter, burglary are not represented. Out of the 23,845 placed on probation, the offences in which there was any element of personal violence number only 1,308, and of these, 980 are assault and battery and 196 assault. The degree of violence involved in these cases is rarely serious, and the persons who commit them are not the ones whose presence in the community causes terror or creates a menace. Even the most aggravated offences in the

list, such as assault on an officer and assault with a dangerous weapon, are very sparingly represented, and a study of the circumstances would probably show grounds for probation as against a penalty.

The great bulk of probation cases is made up of offenders against public order, this group numbering 10,910, and including 7,469 in which drunkenness was the offence. In this group are 369 stubborn children, 296 trespassers, 138 vagrants, 185 carriers of dangerous weapons, 319 disturbers of the peace, 334 gamesters, 143 idle and disorderly and 753 violators of the liquor law. Another numerous group consists of those who have violated an ordinance or broken some rule the breach of which is not an evidence of criminality.

Offenders against property constitute 5,861 of the year's cases. Larceny had been committed by 3,529, and breaking and entering by 1,590, while the others were various violators of property rights. The list would be fruitlessly searched for professional criminals or habitual lawbreakers. Sex offenders number 1,033, among whom the probation officers find difficult problems, but also among whom the repetition of misconduct is most largely prevented by the discipline and direction of the officers who devote themselves to the task.

Domestic relations are involved in 2,040 cases, and the assignment to the probation officers comes under the operation of the desertion and bastardy laws, which are a clear mark of the Commonwealth's progressive policy. It is from these that the officers have collected during the year over \$800,000 for support of dependents. One of the smaller items in the list is that of failure to support destitute parents, but it represents a new resort to the domestic relations session, with its 164 family adjustments as against the 91 for the year before.

The automobile offenders are an increasing care to the probation service, which is used primarily to secure against repetitions of the offence. The element of criminality in the 1,480 such persons who are thus intrusted to probation care is not marked, even though it includes 64 who had operated cars under the influence of liquor.

Such analysis of the acts which caused arrest and conviction among those who were placed under the supervision of our

officers should relieve any notion that the device is used indiscriminately and without regard to the public's interests, its security and protection. Among a large number, one purpose of probation is to secure the collection of a fine or restitution, and these constitute a relief of prison population while also securing considerable sums of money to the public and to injured persons which could not be obtained with the offender in jail. As to these, as well as to the other probation cases, the service is designed to serve the public quite as surely as the individual welfare.

USE OF POWER TO SURRENDER.

Criticism from persons with closer knowledge of the work the officers are doing is directed at the patience with which the person on probation is treated. It is said that the power of surrender should be more freely used. Admittedly, the probation officer is reluctant to surrender his charge. It is in the nature of the service that every effort is made before resort to the return of the man to the court. And the courts will not uphold too free an exercise of the power. Surrender is useless if it does not lead to a tightening of the grip on the offender, either by more stringent terms or another disposition of the case.

The fact is that the courts and the probation officers, as a rule, work together in this process. It would be easy to destroy the effectiveness of the service by turning it into a custodial device and requiring the probation officer to be, not only a disciplinary officer, but a sleuth and a policeman. The surrenders during the past year were 1,626, representing about 8 per cent of the cases in which some action was taken. New arrests terminated only 129 cases. This reflects not only a general good conduct by the persons granted probation, but also the restraint of the courts in recognizing as failures cases that still have a prospect of good conduct. The critic of this feature of the service will have difficulty in supporting a complaint out of the cases where surrender was withheld when it ought to have been exercised.

CASES ADJUSTED WITHOUT COURT ACTION.

That probation officers are called upon to deal with cases not assigned to their care by the courts has long been known. Such cases, and the extent of the probation officers' occupation with them, have not been shown in their reports to the Commission. Acting upon a vote of the Commission, we have gathered for the first time information as to the number of cases informally handled for the period of six months ending Sept. 30, 1921, with the following results: —

"Out-of-Court" Cases.

	Total.	Adjusted.	Court Action.
Juvenile	1,866	1,556	310
Adult	1,890	1,420	470
Total	3,756	2,976	780

On an annual basis the reports indicate that 7,512 cases come first to the probation officers or are referred to them by the courts, and that out of these, 5,952 were so handled as not to require the attention of the court. The gain this service secures is not alone the relief of the court to the extent of nearly 6,000 cases a year, but a disposition of the dispute or complaint which satisfies the parties concerned and saves the unpleasantness, not to say the stigma, of the court record. It has similar attraction to the resort to arbitration.

The juvenile cases so acted upon cover the range of youthful misconduct known to the court, although largely comprised of injuries to property in which restitution is made on a basis acceptable to the injured party, and with all the disciplinary effect of a decree or order of the court. The 1,890 adult cases in the six months' period are classified thus: domestic relations, 1,432; sex offences, 66; larceny, 152; others, 240. The family dispute, the case of non-support of wife or family, the failure to care for an indigent parent according to the respective ability of the children, — these are obviously matters in which adjustment may as well be brought about in the probation office as

in the court room, where the adjudication will largely depend upon the probation officer's report.

The activity of the probation officer as a referee in these cases is by no means uniform in the courts of the State. It is encouraged and relied upon by certain justices and distinctly disapproved by others. The probation officer is entirely guided by the court's wish. The Commission has shown its unwillingness to pass upon the policy, and in gathering the information as to the extent of this informal work the officers were assured that there would be no publication of the details in a way to make comparison between the courts possible. The preference of many of the judges that the probation officer should confine his activities to the cases formally committed to his care has been fully respected. But as to the service of the probation officers to the public, the fact of so large a volume of work outside what is included in official reports has a claim to attention.

TREATMENT OF DRUNKENNESS CASES.

The arrests for drunkenness in the State during the year were 57,716. This is an increase of 21,253 over 1920, or nearly 60 per cent. It is about half the ordinary number before prohibition took effect. It affected, however, all the correctional agencies, — added to the court's work, repopulated the houses of correction even beyond the number of inmates when prohibition began, and added to the probation load. Of the total of probation cases, 7,469 were for drunkenness, an increase of 3,155 over 1920. The drunkenness cases, which formed only 23.6 per cent of the entire number placed on probation in 1920, rose to 31.3 per cent. This change, however, is noted by the officers, that drunkenness complicates other troubles far less than in former days. It stands by itself.

The power of the probation officer to release the "drunk" at the station house is less freely exercised under prohibition. The number so released in 1921 was 28,190, but this is only 48.8 per cent, whereas under prohibition the releases constituted 63 per cent in the late years, and as high as 80 per cent in earlier years. There is no uniformity in various jurisdictions. In some courts in Suffolk County the releases are as low as 14.5 per cent, while in the largest court they are 64.5 per cent,

and in one court 72.6 per cent. In other parts of the State they ranged from no releases at all up to 75.9 per cent. Table 12 will interest persons who observe this singular result of the change which made public drunkenness a double offence, — against the peace of the town and in a sense against the Constitution of the United States.

CHANGES IN THE SERVICE AND EXPENSE.

The number of probation officers in the State is 159, a net gain of 3 during the year. Three new women officers have been appointed, indicating the all too slow advance of this equipment of the courts. In one instance, that of the Brookline Municipal Court, while the appointment of the special officer for women was new, the change came about through the resignation of Miss Ida R. Parker, who had been chief probation officer, and the appointment of Mr. Evan C. Thorpe in her place, the appointee for the new place being Miss Josephine H. Wilder. In the Worcester Central District Court Miss Marion S. Dunn was added to the force. In Lowell Mrs. Mary M. Hearn was added. J. Stuart Cameron was appointed assistant probation officer, filling the vacancy caused in Waltham by the death of Henry W. Howard.

Mr. Edwin Mulready was called to the office of chief probation officer of the Suffolk Superior Court. Mr. Mulready's name is pre-eminent in the annals of the probation service in the State, owing to his pioneer service in the Superior Court in Plymouth and Norfolk counties, and as the first deputy commissioner of the Commission on Probation. He had recently been for a few years a member of the Commission. This court lost by death one of the most devoted and efficient officers in the State, — Mr. D. Joseph Linehan, whose longer service was in the Boston Municipal Court.

Besides Mr. Linehan, the service lost by death Mr. William A. Bailey of the Middlesex Superior Court, whose devoted and active although brief connection with the work had been interrupted by an illness of several months prior to his death; and Mr. Henry W. Howard of the Waltham District Court, where he had been an earnest worker.

Three officers of long service resigned or were retired, —

Mr. James F. Wilkinson, Boston Municipal Court, Mr. Patrick F. Gleason of Fitchburg and Mr. Edward F. Slattery of Lowell. These men had been of the old guard, whose work brought the probation service to its honorable standing in the State.

The cost of the probation service for the entire State shows an increase over the previous year, principally due to salary increases. The inequalities in the salaries of officers has been the cause of much discussion in recent years, coming to a head in the effort of the officers to secure legislation. The Legislature took no action, but the need was largely met by the co-operation of the judges and county commissioners in adjustments, particularly as to the larger courts, which practically disposed of the issue, for the present, at least. The amount paid by the counties is \$339,890.01, and that paid by the State, for the office of the Commission (during the State's fiscal year), \$13,731.60, making the total of \$353,821.61, as compared with \$325,698.78 in 1920. The expenditure by the counties is shown in the following table:—

Cost of Probation in All Courts, Year ending Sept. 30, 1921.

COUNTIES.	Salaries.	Pro Tem. Officers.	Clerical Assistance.	Expenses.	Total.
Barnstable	\$1,114 22	\$110 00	—	\$69 32	\$1,293 54
Berkshire	4,628 00	188 95	\$24 00	56 24	4,897 19
Bristol	12,211 60	563 28	1,459 74	1,189 74	15,424 36
Dukes	82 50	—	—	—	82 50
Essex	23,474 00	506 20	4,065 00	1,856 67	29,901 87
Franklin	603 34	—	—	87 44	690 78
Hampden	12,940 00	899 87	2,506 58	577 62	16,924 07
Hampshire	2,030 00	150 81	—	82 46	2,263 27
Middlesex	34,739 60	1,257 16	6,580 05	1,775 62	44,352 43
Nantucket	200 00	—	—	40 63	240 63
Norfolk	9,178 93	702 51	1,507 67	868 96	12,258 07
Plymouth	4,859 96	453 96	—	1,586 44	6,900 36
Suffolk	139,593 91	2,670 51	29,684 56	12,658 22	184,607 20
Worcester	15,363 96	996 29	2,599 68	1,093 81	20,053 74
Total	\$261,020 02	\$8,499 54	\$48,427 28	\$21,943 17	\$339,890 01

INFORMATION BUREAU.

Greatly increased use by the courts of the Bureau of Criminal Records in the office of the Commission has been made this year. The value of a central point for the gathering of personal records is being increasingly shown, and the service has become indispensable. The number of inquiries, which had been for the previous four years around 10,000 annually, this year bounded up to 16,847. When it is considered that the most of these come by telephone and involve the immediate reference to the file and quick response, the demand upon the office can be appreciated. Moreover, the record to be of value has to be complete, and may involve additions made the previous day. It is necessary that reports be made by the probation officers in each of the twenty-one courts on the day that the person was in court, and that the entry be made with equal promptness. The officers are unfailing in their reports, and the office does its utmost to have the file kept up to daily completeness.

The additional records filed during the year were 74,765. The number of entries since the service began in 1914 is thus brought to over a half million. The cards in the file, each of which represents the record of some person, number over 300,000. Thus there are available all the records of persons who have been brought into the criminal sessions of Suffolk County since Dec. 1, 1914, or into any of the adjoining courts since April 1, 1916, with all known aliases cross-indexed, and all the variations in the spelling of names brought to the same position in the file by the system which was installed in 1920.

The existence of this live index of records, the only one that has been undertaken, has come to be widely known, and the office is fairly besieged by requests from public offices, social agencies, insurance companies, public service corporations and attorneys. Not all these are accommodated, as strict rules have been followed to guard these personal records from exposure. The Bureau exists for the information of the courts, and any extension of its service is limited to public offices and to such other inquirers as can show other than a private or personal concern. It is particularly guarded against any use that would be injurious to the recorded person. Even so, the

increased use of it has come to put a pressure upon the office which absorbs its entire clerical force aside from the chief clerk, who is also occupied with it to the extent of general direction.

To be fully useful, the field of the Bureau should be extended. It is now limited to the courts of Boston and those whose jurisdiction adjoins. It reaches no farther than Malden on the north, Quincy on the south and Waltham on the west. Records acquired in cities as near as Lynn, Salem and Brockton, for example, are not reported. Obviously, the courts need information from cities still farther away in which the offender may have been arraigned. To have full value the system should cover the State. The great value of the centralized record as giving the courts accurate knowledge of the criminal career of the persons brought before them is amply demonstrated, and its further extension could be accomplished at small expense. The probation officers stand ready to supply the information, and the cost would be limited to the slight additional clerical service in the central office and the supply of the forms for the reports.

COLLECTIONS BY PROBATION OFFICERS.

Collections of money by probation officers during the year amount to \$1,069,523.29. This amount is \$31,276.74 larger than in 1920, which was by far the largest year in the records of the Commission. It is not surprising that the collections for non-support, \$821,378.11, show a slight decrease from the year before. While the number of non-support cases has increased, the amount collected is adversely affected by the lack of employment. In such time the orders of the court are for smaller weekly payments for the support of families, because of the lessened wages, and collections are more difficult. In the Superior Court collections for non-support showed marked increase. In the small courts it remained much the same. The losses are indicated in the industrial cities.

The amount collected for restitution, \$112,415.14, is not much different from the previous year. The marked gain comes in the collection from persons put on probation under suspended fines, or to pay the costs of the court. In this item

the total was \$135,730.04, an increase of \$51,818.16. The total of fines so collected is by far the largest in the history of the service. It indicates the large number of cases in which fines were imposed, and the increasing disposition of the courts to give offenders time to pay their fines rather than to commit them to jail for non-payment.

When the showing is of considerably more than a million dollars collected from persons who are put on probation, there is indication of the financial saving through the use of probation both in the contributions of the offenders and in saving the Commonwealth the expense of maintaining persons in jail. The development of the domestic relations side of the criminal courts has by no means reached the limit of its possibility. In the courts which have had a thoroughly organized probation service over a period of years, it may be that further increase is hardly to be expected — certainly not until industrial conditions improve. But there remain other districts where the collections are so moderate as to indicate that greater attention to these cases in the future is likely to bring still further relief to public and private charities through non-supporters being held to the responsibility of providing for their families through the payments under the court's orders.

Increase in Collections in Large Courts for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1921.

COURT.	Collections.	Gain.
Boston Municipal	\$132,175 25	\$1,161 73
Suffolk Superior	127,733 98	7,521 28
Roxbury Municipal	74,666 51	3,983 04
Lynn District	63,768 43	15,557 72
Middlesex Superior	47,982 33	—
Springfield District	39,829 44	—
Essex Superior	31,884 79	10,060 05
New Bedford District	31,540 87	—
Salem District	29,902 85	—
Malden District	28,572 99	5,036 39
Fall River District	28,179 11	1,855 16
Cambridge District	27,402 98	323 98
Worcester District	25,152 93	—

Increase in Collections in Large Courts for the Year ending Sept. 30, 1921
— Concluded.

COURT.	Collections.	Gain.
Lowell District	\$23,909 48	\$544 63
East Boston District	20,122 85	2,429 14
Lawrence District	19,451 25	—
Brockton District	19,109 83	—
Chelsea District	18,330 97	7,462 37
Brighton Municipal	18,248 55	—
Quincy District	16,498 24	—
Worcester Superior	15,352 40	296 72
Newton District	13,339 19	524 59
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket Superior .	13,085 11	2,204 52
Norfolk and Plymouth Superior	12,301 82	1,636 59
Dorchester Municipal	12,288 25	1,482 10
South Boston Municipal	12,175 34	819 38
Somerville District	11,913 10	1,284 84
Pittsfield District	11,709 18	—
Northampton District	10,807 05	6,609 52

RESULTS OF PROBATION.

Terminations of probation by various means were reported by the officers to the number of 18,985. Of these, 1,626 were surrendered for violation of the terms of probation, 1,576 disappeared or were defaulted, and only 129 were discontinued because of new arrest. The number of cases placed on file or discharged at the end of the probation term was 15,654. These constituted 82.4 per cent of all the cases that were terminated, making by far the most favorable showing of the results of probation that have ever been recorded. It is becoming more and more the fixed policy of the courts not to terminate a probation case by a discharge or by the filing of the papers until such a termination is warranted by the conduct of the person on probation. The original term is a period of trial, out of which the offender may come to discharge because of his satisfactory conduct; or if the case is not entirely satisfactory, the probation is extended for one or more times until in the judgment of the probation officer, approved

by the court, it is deemed fit and proper to remove the supervision. When this is accomplished in 82 out of 100 cases there is a perfectly safe conclusion that probation has been effective in leading the person to a right line of conduct in the great majority of cases.

CONCLUSION.

It is warranted to conclude this review of the year's work with a recognition of the improving quality of the probation service. The co-operation between the courts and the office of the Commission is more general with each year, and the relationship between the judges of the court and the Commission is becoming more intimate and mutually helpful. The justices of the courts are giving great heed to the selection of probation officers where any appointments are to be made, and the standards of what constitutes good probation officers are notably improving.

The main reliance of the Commonwealth in dealing with offenders is upon the probation service. Its success in its work is keenly observed, and it has every reason for saying that each year brings it into a better standing in public regard. Such result could only be possible through the sustained and faithful interest of the officers in their work. To them is due, not only the public's approval, which is widely indicated, but also recognition by the Commission, which is charged with responsibility for the general character of the work.

Respectfully submitted,

HERBERT C. PARSONS,

Deputy Commissioner.

CONFERENCES OF PROBATION OFFICERS.

Five conferences of probation officers were held during the year. Two of these were for all the officers of the State, two of local groups, at Attleboro and Springfield, and one of the Superior Court officers of the State.

STATE HOUSE CONFERENCE.

What has come to be known as the annual conference is held in the auditorium of the State House in the late fall. One such was held Nov. 30, 1920, with morning and afternoon sessions. It was attended by 112 of the 154 officers of all the courts. Guests of the Commission and of the officers, clerks in probation offices, and representatives of other State departments made a total registration of 154.

Judge Robert O. Harris, chairman of the Commission, presided, and opened the morning session with an inspiring and helpful address. An open forum on probation problems developed a lively discussion of policies, including the regulation of the carrying of firearms and other features of the experiences of the officers in their work. Hon. Sanford A. Bates, Commissioner of Correction, gave a strong address on the relation of probation to other correctional undertakings. Luncheon was served at the Twentieth Century Club, and a photograph of the officers was taken on the State House steps, which appears as the frontispiece to the report for 1920.

Dr. C. McFie Campbell, superintendent of the Boston Psychopathic Hospital, gave at the opening of the afternoon session a valuable address on the bearing of mental defect and disorders to the public problems of behavior, and shared in a spirited discussion. Hon. Henry T. Lummus, justice of the District Court of Southern Essex, spoke on the desertion law,

and again there was an interesting general discussion. Hon. Benjamin Loring Young, speaker of the House of Representatives, contributed a vigorous talk on the correctional situation.

CONFERENCE OF SUPERIOR COURT OFFICERS.

A conference of the probation officers in the Superior Court was held in the office of the Commission April 16, 1921. It was attended by 13 of the 18 officers in the State, also by Albert J. Sargent, chief probation officer of the Boston Municipal Court, and the Deputy Commissioner. There was a discussion of the power to arrest persons on probation outside the State, and the methods employed by the officers to secure the return of such persons.

The proposed form of report from the lower court officers to those of the Superior Court in appeal cases was carefully considered and approved.

Numerous other probation questions were informally discussed.

CONFERENCE AT THE CONCORD REFORMATORY.

By invitation of the superintendent of the Concord Reformatory, a State conference of probation officers was held at that institution May 25, 1921. It was attended by 81 officers, 3 members of the Commission, Judge Hanify of Fall River, Judge Warfield of Gardner, Judge Keyes of Concord and Judge Pickman of Lowell, the State Commissioners of Correction and Public Welfare, and several representatives of other State departments and institutions, making a total attendance of 126.

After a tour of the institution and luncheon there were addresses by Judge Harris and Mr. Mulready of the Commission, Hon. Sanford Bates, Judges Hanify, Warfield, Keyes and Pickman, Superintendent Judge and Rev. Robert Walker.

CONFERENCE AT ATTLEBORO.

The officers in the southern counties were in conference at Attleboro March 31, 1921. Of the 23 officers in these counties, 15 attended. The sessions were held in the court room of the Fourth District Court of Bristol. There was a discussion of

out-of-court work and of mental examination of offenders, in which all the officers present took part. Dr. Howard A. Streeter of the State Department of Health spoke on the work of the division of venereal diseases, and of the co-operation of the probation officers in carrying out its policy. Hon. Philip Rubenstein of the Boston Juvenile Court described the work of this court and the Judge Baker Foundation. A public meeting followed. Hon. Charles C. Hagerty, justice of the Attleboro court, presided. Judge Rubenstein, Mrs. Celia Wellman, probation officer of the district court of Newton, and Mr. Parsons, Deputy Commissioner, spoke.

CONFERENCE AT SPRINGFIELD.

The probation officers of the four western counties attended a conference at Springfield May 5, 1921, the sessions being held in the domestic relations room of the district court, 15 of the 21 officers being present. Judge Heady of the Springfield court welcomed the officers in an interesting and stimulating address. Albert J. Sargent, Esq., chief probation officer of the Boston Municipal Court, and Mrs. Celia Wellman of the Newton court led the discussion of non-support, illegitimate child and other classes of cases, and representatives of the State Department of Health presented the need of continued co-operation in the repression of venereal diseases.

CHANGES IN THE SERVICE.

OCT. 1, 1920, TO SEPT. 30, 1921.

Commission. — Hon. Thomas H. Dowd, associate justice of the Boston Municipal Court, appointed a member of the Commission on Probation July 13, 1921, to succeed Hon. William Sullivan, who declined reappointment at the end of his term.

Suffolk Superior Court. — Edwin Mulready appointed chief probation officer May 16, 1921, filling the vacancy caused the previous year by the resignation of Allison G. Catheron. Joseph A. McManus appointed May 1, 1921, to fill vacancy caused by the death of D. Joseph Linehan.

Middlesex Superior Court. — William A. Bailey, probation officer, died April 12, 1921, and the vacancy remained unfilled at the end of the year.

Boston Municipal Court. — John P. Bogan, Jr., appointed probation officer to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of James F. Wilkinson Dec. 15, 1920. Thomas G. Davis appointed *pro tempore* officer Jan. 24, 1921, and on May 23, 1921, appointed permanent officer to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Joseph A. McManus. George J. McDonnell appointed May 27, 1921, *pro tempore* officer to take the place of Arthur A. Wordell, on leave of absence.

Brookline Municipal Court. — Evan C. Thorpe appointed probation officer Dec. 1, 1920, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Miss Ida R. Parker. Miss Josephine H. Wilder appointed probation officer Jan. 1, 1921, succeeding Richard L. Shedd.

Third District Court of Middlesex. — Dr. Frederick B. M. Cady appointed March 7, 1921, probation officer without compensation for mental and physical examinations for the court.

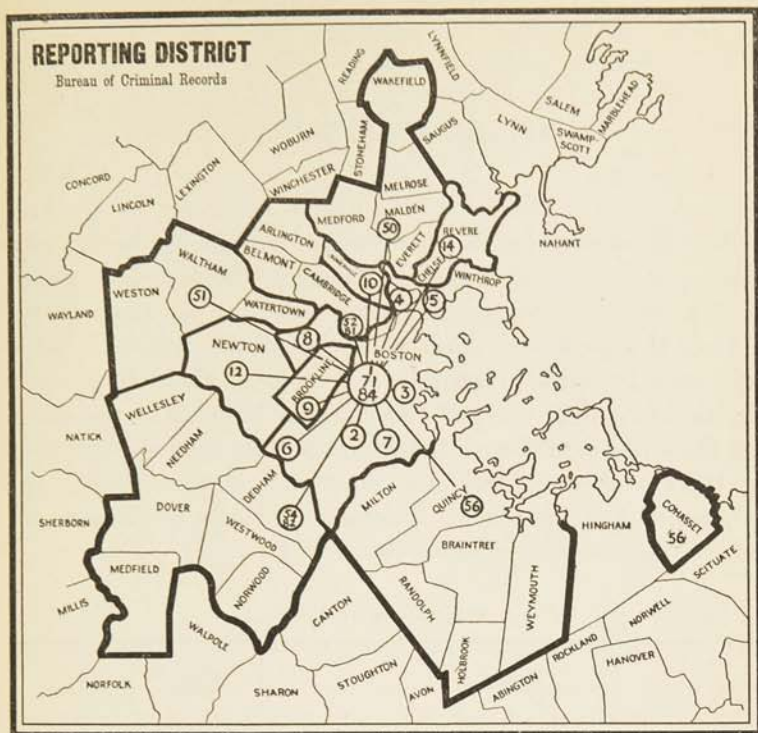
Second District Court of Middlesex. — Henry W. Howard,

probation officer, died April 30, 1921. J. Stuart Cameron appointed to fill the vacancy July 26, 1921.

District Court of Fitchburg. — Bernard L. McManus appointed probation officer Aug. 16, 1921, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Patrick F. Gleason.

Central District Court of Worcester. — David W. Armstrong, juvenile probation officer, resigned Oct. 1, 1920, and the juvenile work was assigned to the two remaining officers. Miss Marion S. Dunn appointed probation officer Dec. 1, 1921.

District Court of Lowell. — Mrs. Mary M. Hearn appointed probation officer June 1, 1921, new position. Joseph L. Cronin appointed probation officer, to take effect Oct. 1, 1921, to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Edward F. Slattery.



AREA OF DAILY ARREST REPORTS.

Courts.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Municipal Court of the City of Boston. | 10. District Court of Somerville. |
| 2. Municipal Court of the Roxbury District. | 12. District Court of Newton. |
| 3. Municipal Court of the South Boston District. | 14. District Court of Chelsea. |
| 4. Municipal Court of the Charlestown District. | 50. First District Court of Eastern Middlesex. |
| 5. East Boston District Court. | 51. Second District Court of Eastern Middlesex. |
| 6. Municipal Court of the West Roxbury District. | 52. Third District Court of Eastern Middlesex. |
| 7. Municipal Court of the Dorchester District. | 54. District Court of Northern Norfolk. |
| 8. Municipal Court of the Brighton District. | 56. District Court of East Norfolk. |
| 9. Municipal Court of the Brookline District. | 71. Boston Juvenile Court. |
| | 81. Superior Court for Middlesex. |
| | 82. Superior Court for Norfolk. |
| | 84. Superior Court for Suffolk. |

BUREAU OF INFORMATION.

The Bureau of Information, as to records in the criminal courts, as at present organized, covers a complete daily record of the cases in twenty-one courts, including all those in the county of Suffolk and those whose jurisdiction adjoins. While this area is small in territory, it includes the courts which handle more than one-half the criminal business of the State. Its limitation is unfortunate because persons who are arraigned in these courts are often the same who have records in the other courts of the State. Extension to larger territory would greatly increase the value of the service.

Arrest Cards received.

MONTH.	Number of Cards.	Daily Average.
October	6,815	272
November	5,559	222
December	5,795	223
January	4,841	193
February	4,566	208
March	6,077	225
April	5,733	239
May	6,824	273
June	7,202	288
July	7,098	284
August	7,509	278
September	6,746	270
Total	74,765	248

Summary of Arrest Cards received.

Monthly average, 6,230; largest month, 7,509, August, 1921.

Daily average, 248; largest day, 658, July 5, 1921.

Cards filed Sept. 30, 1921	575,509
Cards filed Sept. 30, 1920	500,744
Increase in a year	74,765

The number of inquiries for information shows a great increase this year, — an indication of the reliance that the courts within the district place upon this information as to persons who are brought there, and whose records in other courts need to be known in order to aid an intelligent administration of justice.

The following table indicates the extent to which the Bureau of Information was used by the reporting courts, those outside the Metropolitan District, and outside agencies: —

Cases inquired about.

COURTS INQUIRING.	1920.			1921.									Total.
	October.	November.	December.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	
Boston Municipal	73	105	85	153	89	73	70	76	76	40	35	69	944
Roxbury Municipal	346	316	321	250	304	329	349	396	363	330	370	335	4,009
South Boston Municipal	69	27	39	45	89	49	21	59	38	46	36	16	534
Charlestown Municipal	20	103	169	120	160	180	125	121	170	190	173	177	1,708
East Boston District	15	40	41	64	51	54	32	21	27	4	7	37	393
West Roxbury Municipal	71	82	71	62	63	81	115	114	123	119	165	137	1,203
Dorchester Municipal	-	1	4	10	16	55	36	5	4	2	3	6	142
Brighton Municipal	67	29	40	35	11	42	37	79	77	62	50	71	600
Brookline Municipal	73	58	64	63	50	47	63	47	95	69	62	54	745
Somerville District	3	8	2	4	2	6	1	3	-	6	6	6	47
Newton District	14	5	5	2	2	5	13	27	8	43	37	20	181
Chelsea District	50	22	26	37	29	40	54	32	52	62	104	38	546
Middlesex First Eastern District (Malden)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middlesex Second Eastern District (Waltham)	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Middlesex Third Eastern District (Cambridge)	21	86	218	204	185	205	255	365	469	204	187	277	3,072
Norfolk Northern District (Dedham)	11	17	15	7	5	5	16	24	25	19	36	46	226
Norfolk Eastern District (Quincy)	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	5
Boston Juvenile	10	3	9	1	6	5	10	5	4	1	3	13	70
Middlesex Superior (Cambridge)	46	44	15	50	34	75	24	89	77	15	330	140	939
Norfolk Superior (Dedham)	1	-	6	-	6	-	27	-	8	3	-	28	79
Suffolk Superior (Boston)	41	13	79	25	25	82	11	53	33	24	94	91	571
Courts outside the reporting district	3	-	2	-	-	3	2	10	4	7	-	-	31
Outside agencies	50	89	46	268	29	38	30	21	38	97	56	39	801
Total	1,181	1,248	1,257	1,400	1,156	1,375	1,294	1,547	1,697	1,344	1,754	1,600	16,847

Summary of Cases inquired about.

Monthly average, 1,404; largest month, 1,754, August, 1921.

Daily average, 55; largest day, 205, Aug. 1, 1921.

Inquiries, year ending Sept. 30, 1921 16,847

Inquiries, year ending Sept. 30, 1920 10,842

Increase in a year 6,005

NICHOLS, WILLIAM S. 45

Name	Nichols, Wm S.		Address	High St. Dedham	
	Harvey, Wm F		1513 Wash. St. Bos		
	Sperling, Geo.		3598 Wash. St. J.P.		
			36 Aston St. Bos		
Buflg.	Mansfield	12/6/190	Prison	Bertha Savage	
Occup.	Barber		Parents	Samuel W.	
				Ella Morse	

Line	Date	Offense	Ct.	Disposition
1	Dec 14 14	B & F. Swellings	(9)	1 yr. H.C.
1	May 8 16	Neg Wife	10	Nel Bos
2	Jun 26 16	Nons.	50	4 mo Dism
1	Aug 9 16	DK	10	Filed

Line	Date	Offense	Ct.	Disposition
3	Dec 27 16	Larc (Gch)	2	Some H.C. to Cam
1	Nov 5 17	DK	54	Filed (Taken to Norfolk)
1	Jun 15 18	B & F	54	P.C.
1	Sept 11 18	B & F	52	2 yrs. H.C.
3	Oct 4 20	DK	5	R.P.O.
1	Dec 30 20	"	10	\$10 Com
1	Jan 24 21	"	2	Some J. Com

Handwritten notes and arrows on the form:

- Somerville District* (pointing to Nichols, Wm S.)
- West Roxbury Municipal* (pointing to Nichols, Wm S.)
- Dedham District* (pointing to Nichols, Wm S.)
- Norfolk Superior* (pointing to Nichols, Wm S.)
- West Roxbury Municipal* (pointing to Nichols, Wm S.)
- Suffolk Superior* (pointing to Bertha Savage)
- Cambridge District* (pointing to Samuel W.)
- Roxbury Municipal* (pointing to 1 yr. H.C.)
- Dedham District* (pointing to 4 mo Dism)
- Roxbury Municipal* (pointing to 2 yrs. H.C.)
- Roxbury Municipal* (pointing to \$10 Com)

FORM OF RECORDS.

The illustration represents the two sides of the card in the files of the Bureau of Criminal Records, with the assembled records as received, day by day, from the various courts and the aliases of the offender. The courts are indicated on the card by numbers. In the illustration the names of these courts are shown on the margin.

APPENDIX

COURT POPULATIONS.

In the statistical tables in this report the courts are grouped as follows: Superior courts, Boston courts, District courts (outside Boston) in several groups according to the range of population. The following populations are based upon the Federal census of 1920:—

Superior Courts.

Suffolk County (Boston)	835,522
Middlesex County (East Cambridge and Lowell)	778,352
Essex County (Lawrence, Salem and Newburyport)	485,349
Worcester County (Worcester and Fitchburg)	455,135
Bristol County (Taunton and New Bedford)	363,652
Hampden County (Springfield)	300,305
Norfolk County (Dedham)	219,081
Plymouth County (Plymouth)	156,968
Berkshire County (Pittsfield)	116,858
Hampshire County (Northampton)	69,599
Franklin County (Greenfield)	49,361
Barnstable County (Barnstable)	26,670
Dukes County (Edgartown)	4,372
Nantucket County (Nantucket)	2,797

Boston Courts.

Municipal Court of the City of Boston	162,091
Municipal Court of the Roxbury District	154,487
Municipal Court of the Dorchester District	138,671
Municipal Court of the West Roxbury District	86,044
District Court of East Boston	78,506
District Court of Chelsea	72,007
Municipal Court of the South Boston District	67,342
Municipal Court of the Brighton District	42,102
Municipal Court of the Charlestown District	34,272

Courts of Over 100,000 Population.

Central District Court of Worcester (Worcester)	210,561
District Court of Springfield (Springfield)	161,144
First District Court of Eastern Middlesex (Malden)	159,490

Third District Court of Bristol (New Bedford)	142,723
Third District Court of Eastern Middlesex (Cambridge)	139,108
District Court of Lowell (Lowell)	133,214
Second District Court of Bristol (Fall River)	130,986
District Court of Southern Essex (Lynn)	126,765
District Court of Lawrence (Lawrence)	123,992

Courts of 50,000 to 100,000 Population.

District Court of Eastern Norfolk (Quincy)	93,451
District Court of Somerville (Somerville)	93,091
First District Court of Essex (Salem)	83,480
District Court of Brockton (Brockton)	81,086
Central District Court of Northern Essex (Haverhill)	60,618
District Court of Holyoke (Holyoke)	60,203
District Court of Hampshire (Northampton)	59,649
Second District Court of Eastern Middlesex (Waltham)	54,654
Central District Court of Berkshire (Pittsfield)	52,413
First District Court of Bristol (Taunton)	52,345

Courts of 25,000 to 50,000 Population.

Fourth District Court of Eastern Middlesex (Woburn)	47,123
District Court of Newton (Newton)	46,054
District Court of Fitchburg (Fitchburg)	44,675
District Court of Northern Norfolk (Dedham)	42,475
District Court of Franklin (Greenfield)	41,488
First District Court of Southern Worcester (Southbridge)	38,592
Municipal Court of Brookline (Brookline)	37,748
Fourth District Court of Bristol (Attleboro)	37,598
Second District Court of Plymouth (Hingham)	36,220
District Court of Chicopee (Chicopee)	36,214
First District Court of Northern Worcester (Gardner)	35,584
First District Court of Southern Middlesex (Framingham)	28,930
District Court of Eastern Essex (Gloucester)	28,303
District Court of Western Norfolk (Franklin)	27,954
Central District Court of Middlesex (Concord)	26,027

Courts of under 25,000 Population.

Second District Court of Southern Worcester (Blackstone)	24,262
District Court of Western Hampden (Westfield)	23,892
District Court of Northern Berkshire (North Adams)	23,716
District Court of Marlborough (Marlborough)	22,635
Second District Court of Eastern Worcester (Clinton)	21,661
District Court of Newburyport (Newburyport)	21,363
Third District Court of Plymouth (Plymouth)	20,872
District Court of Peabody (Peabody)	20,717
District Court of Leominster (Leominster)	19,744

District Court of Western Worcester (North Brookfield)	18,983
Third District Court of Southern Worcester (Milford)	18,902
District Court of Eastern Hampden (Palmer)	18,852
Fourth District Court of Plymouth (Middleborough)	18,790
District Court of Southern Norfolk (Stoughton)	17,453
First District Court of Northern Middlesex (Ayer)	17,119
First District Court of Eastern Worcester (Westborough)	16,267
Fourth District Court of Berkshire (Adams)	15,282
Second District Court of Essex (Amesbury)	13,910
First District Court of Barnstable (Barnstable)	13,795
Second District Court of Barnstable (Provincetown)	12,875
District Court of Southern Berkshire (Great Barrington)	11,322
District Court of Natick (Natick)	10,907
District Court of Lee (Lee)	10,302
District Court of Eastern Hampshire (Ware)	9,950
District Court of Eastern Franklin (Orange)	7,873
Third District Court of Essex (Ipswich)	6,201
District Court of Winchendon (Winchendon)	5,904
District Court of Dukes County (Oak Bluffs)	4,372
District Court of Williamstown (Williamstown)	3,823
District Court of Nantucket (Nantucket)	2,797

STATISTICAL TABLES.

CASES PLACED ON PROBATION.

TABLE 1. — *Superior Courts.*

COUNTIES.	UNDER 10 YEARS.		10 TO 12 YEARS.		13 YEARS.		14 YEARS.		15 YEARS.		16 YEARS.		TOTAL JUVENILES.		17 YEARS.		18 YEARS.		19 YEARS.		20 YEARS.		21 TO 30 YEARS.		31 TO 40 YEARS.		41 TO 50 YEARS.		OVER 50 YEARS.		TOTAL ADULTS.		Aggregate.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	6	-	15	-	10	1	7	-	66	3	25	1	11	-	3	-	143	5	150
Berkshire . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	3	-	3	-	1	-	13	-	13
Essex . . .	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	2	-	3	1	7	2	7	-	8	1	9	-	10	1	52	3	27	5	12	3	3	-	128	13	150
Franklin . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	10
Hampden . . .	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	5	-	2	-	2	-	3	-	6	-	14	-	6	1	1	1	1	-	35	2	42
Hampshire . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	5	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	12	2	15
Middlesex . . .	-	-	6	-	2	-	7	-	6	-	7	1	28	1	13	-	12	-	12	1	10	1	88	6	39	4	18	-	7	-	199	12	240
Norfolk . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	2	1	5	1	4	-	3	-	7	-	18	-	4	1	-	-	2	-	43	2	48
Plymouth . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	29	3	10	-	9	1	2	-	57	4	61
Suffolk . . .	-	-	6	-	1	-	9	-	13	1	15	1	44	2	26	1	20	1	26	1	32	1	236	25	101	17	36	6	15	4	501	56	603
Worcester . . .	-	-	5	1	8	-	4	1	15	1	9	-	41	3	11	-	11	-	12	-	16	5	110	10	72	14	43	4	27	-	302	33	379
Total . . .	-	-	17	1	13	1	22	1	37	3	41	3	130	9	74	2	86	2	80	3	94	8	626	51	288	43	133	15	62	5	1,443	129	1,711

TABLE 2. — *Municipal and District Courts.*

COURTS.	UNDER 10 YEARS.		10 TO 12 YEARS.		13 YEARS.		14 YEARS.		15 YEARS.		16 YEARS.		TOTAL JUVENILES.		17 YEARS.		18 YEARS.		19 YEARS.		20 YEARS.		21 TO 30 YEARS.		31 TO 40 YEARS.		41 TO 50 YEARS.		OVER 50 YEARS.		TOTAL ADULTS.		Aggregate.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
<i>Boston.</i>																																	
Boston, Municipal . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	15	37	23	68	30	134	53	726	315	938	315	630	180	276	62	2,823	993	3,816
Brighton, Municipal . . .	3	-	7	-	5	-	5	-	1	-	4	-	25	-	1	-	7	-	2	-	4	-	75	4	27	1	28	-	26	-	170	5	200
Charlestown, Municipal . . .	8	-	32	-	6	1	12	1	9	-	19	-	86	2	19	3	21	2	20	1	32	-	262	15	223	12	134	9	82	4	793	46	927
Dorchester, Municipal . . .	2	-	4	-	6	-	23	-	7	-	8	-	50	-	11	1	9	1	12	-	3	1	67	4	58	7	26	6	23	-	209	20	279
East Boston, District . . .	14	-	25	-	15	-	13	-	21	-	19	-	107	-	3	-	8	1	9	2	6	1	123	8	136	19	83	8	33	6	401	45	553
Roxbury, Municipal . . .	17	2	44	-	32	3	28	3	34	9	34	14	189	31	34	4	27	3	48	10	37	3	449	40	309	30	181	16	94	21	1,178	127	1,525
South Boston, Municipal . . .	10	-	40	-	12	-	25	-	18	2	13	2	118	4	12	2	13	1	12	1	5	-	93	7	72	13	56	13	16	8	279	45	446
West Roxbury, Municipal . . .	7	1	24	-	6	-	22	1	16	-	15	1	90	3	4	1	12	1	6	1	8	1	82	3	74	1	29	-	12	-	227	8	328
Chelsea, District . . .	26	-	37	-	22	1	23	1	15	2	11	6	134	10	13	1	23	1	28	-	27	3	268	15	258	15	149	9	90	-	857	44	1,045
Total . . .	87	3	213	-	104	5	151	6	121	13	123	23	799	50	111	27	157	33	205	45	256	62	2,145	413	2,095	411	1,316	241	652	101	6,937	1,333	9,119
<i>Over 100,000 Population.</i>																																	
Worcester, Central District . . .	6	-	25	5	18	3	29	3	40	1	23	2	141	14	20	5	22	4	11	2	10	1	149	8	110	6	77	4	35	-	434	30	619
Springfield, District . . .	3	-	22	-	20	-	25	-	29	3	26	3	125	6	25	2	21	4	16	3	13	3	167	52	105	22	72	12	25	2	444	100	675
Middlesex, First Eastern Dis- trict.	14	-	37	-	25	-	30	2	31	2	26	-	163	4	20	1	14	4	21	-	39	-	298	6	201	7	120	4	67	2	780	24	971

TABLE 2. — *Municipal and District Courts* — Continued.

COURTS.	UNDER 10 YEARS.		10 TO 12 YEARS.		13 YEARS.		14 YEARS.		15 YEARS.		16 YEARS.		TOTAL JUVENILES.		17 YEARS.		18 YEARS.		19 YEARS.		20 YEARS.		21 TO 30 YEARS.		31 TO 40 YEARS.		41 TO 50 YEARS.		OVER 50 YEARS.		TOTAL ADULTS.		Aggregate.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Over 100,000 Population — Con.																																	
Bristol, Third District	12	1	49	2	30	1	18	-	37	3	33	-	179	7	13	2	17	5	15	1	9	1	152	37	111	19	54	15	34	2	405	82	673
Middlesex, Third Eastern District.	16	-	49	-	34	4	24	4	43	3	48	3	214	14	20	3	18	3	14	3	31	1	185	14	96	8	54	1	23	2	441	35	704
Lowell, District	10	1	18	2	17	-	12	1	11	4	14	4	82	12	12	1	6	4	8	2	10	4	143	15	119	8	100	6	57	5	455	45	594
Bristol, Second District	2	1	78	5	42	-	51	2	44	3	45	7	262	18	18	9	20	-	19	4	10	1	100	20	95	18	78	6	41	5	381	63	724
Essex, Southern District	3	-	21	-	22	-	15	2	20	1	11	1	92	4	21	1	17	2	14	2	16	1	220	14	175	23	140	6	88	8	691	57	844
Lawrence, District	3	-	22	-	14	-	17	-	13	1	10	1	79	2	11	3	6	1	13	2	4	-	55	11	44	8	37	3	24	1	194	29	304
Total	69	3	321	14	222	8	221	14	268	21	236	21	1,337	81	160	27	141	27	131	19	142	12	1,469	177	1,056	119	732	57	394	27	4,225	465	6,108
50,000 to 100,000 Population.																																	
Norfolk, Eastern District	4	-	20	-	11	-	13	-	7	1	8	1	63	2	9	-	11	1	12	1	10	-	151	12	98	4	55	4	48	-	394	22	481
Somerville, District	23	-	87	-	35	3	35	-	41	2	29	1	250	6	16	-	15	-	13	1	12	-	111	15	83	5	52	3	22	1	324	25	605
Essex, First District	11	-	13	-	8	-	7	1	13	-	18	2	70	3	14	2	16	1	17	-	10	1	105	9	88	5	56	-	28	1	334	19	426
Brockton, District	16	1	43	3	17	6	21	6	21	4	32	1	150	21	16	2	4	-	7	-	7	1	84	5	88	9	87	6	57	1	350	24	545
Essex, Northern Central District.	7	-	23	1	7	1	8	1	19	-	17	-	81	3	4	-	2	-	2	1	3	-	13	-	20	-	21	-	14	-	79	1	164
Holyoke, District	3	-	25	-	10	-	12	-	10	-	11	2	71	2	8	-	1	-	-	1	5	-	38	1	37	-	32	1	18	1	139	4	216

Hampshire, District	9	-	10	-	6	-	5	-	10	-	10	1	50	1	1	-	4	1	3	-	12	-	40	-	51	3	28	2	14	-	153	6	210
Middlesex, Second Eastern District	3	1	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	14	1	3	-	2	-	5	-	4	-	61	3	66	2	25	-	44	-	210	5	230
Berkshire, Central District	3	-	-	1	5	2	5	-	3	-	9	-	25	3	4	2	2	-	4	-	6	1	44	-	38	3	18	1	13	1	129	8	165
Bristol, First District	2	-	6	-	-	-	4	-	8	1	2	-	22	1	2	-	2	-	4	-	5	1	35	2	31	1	27	-	19	-	125	4	152
Total	81	2	233	5	99	11	111	9	132	8	140	8	796	43	77	6	59	3	67	4	74	4	682	47	600	32	401	17	277	5	2,237	118	3,194
<i>25,000 to 50,000 Population.</i>																																	
Middlesex, Fourth Eastern District	-	-	7	-	3	-	6	1	2	-	5	2	23	3	2	-	5	5	2	1	1	-	41	2	26	1	13	-	12	-	102	9	137
Newton, District	-	-	6	-	13	1	20	1	27	-	19	1	85	3	12	1	25	1	16	-	15	-	107	3	107	7	61	4	36	-	379	16	483
Fitchburg, District	-	-	2	-	4	-	9	-	8	-	5	1	28	1	1	1	6	-	4	-	8	-	75	5	47	1	23	-	3	-	167	7	203
Norfolk, Northern District	2	-	8	-	-	-	5	-	12	-	6	-	33	-	2	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	8	2	9	1	8	-	4	-	35	3	71
Franklin, District	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	8	-	1	-	3	1	-	1	-	-	8	4	12	2	12	1	6	-	42	9	59
Worcester, First Southern District	1	-	4	-	3	-	2	-	4	-	3	-	17	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	5	-	4	-	9	-	2	-	23	1	41
Brookline, Municipal	5	-	16	-	10	-	8	2	8	-	3	1	50	3	3	1	5	1	7	-	6	2	45	3	29	5	14	1	10	-	119	13	185
Bristol, Fourth District	5	-	10	-	4	-	3	-	10	-	5	-	37	-	6	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	11	-	10	-	14	-	3	-	46	2	85
Plymouth, Second District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	24	-	19	-	14	-	5	-	68	-	69
Chicopee, District	3	-	9	-	4	-	1	-	4	-	4	-	25	-	2	-	1	-	2	1	3	-	14	-	15	1	13	2	4	-	54	4	83
Worcester, First Northern District	-	-	5	-	3	-	1	-	3	-	4	-	16	-	4	-	3	-	1	-	-	1	8	-	8	2	5	-	3	1	32	4	52
Middlesex, First Southern District	-	-	5	-	5	-	6	1	4	-	7	-	27	1	7	1	6	1	3	-	4	-	14	1	10	1	6	-	7	-	57	4	89
Essex, Eastern District	1	-	4	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	4	-	24	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	12	-	4	-	5	-	26	-	50
Norfolk, Western District	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	2	-	7	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	8	1	10	3	11	1	2	-	33	6	46
Middlesex, Central District	1	-	7	1	-	-	3	-	9	-	6	-	26	1	10	-	5	-	6	-	9	-	73	1	60	4	20	-	18	-	201	5	233
Total	19	-	85	1	54	1	70	5	103	-	76	5	407	12	53	6	63	10	44	4	55	3	444	22	378	28	227	9	120	1	1,384	83	1,886

TABLE 2. — *Municipal and District Courts* — Concluded.

COURTS.	UNDER 10 YEARS.		10 TO 12 YEARS.		13 YEARS.		14 YEARS.		15 YEARS.		16 YEARS.		TOTAL JUVENILES.		17 YEARS.		18 YEARS.		19 YEARS.		20 YEARS.		21 TO 30 YEARS.		31 TO 40 YEARS.		41 TO 50 YEARS.		OVER 50 YEARS.		TOTAL ADULTS.		Aggregate.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
<i>Under 25,000 Population.</i>																																	
Worcester, Second Southern District.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Hampden, Western District .	2	-	5	-	6	-	4	2	6	-	2	1	25	3	1	1	5	-	3	-	4	-	23	-	39	3	19	-	9	-	103	4	135
Berkshire, Northern District .	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	2	7	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	12	-	12	-	9	-	5	-	41	-	50
Marlborough, District . . .	1	-	2	-	3	1	4	-	1	-	4	-	15	1	3	-	1	-	-	1	2	-	28	-	10	1	14	1	9	-	67	3	86
Worcester, Second Eastern District.	1	-	8	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	12	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	5	1	8	-	15	-	9	1	39	2	56
Newburyport, District . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	3	-	7	1	2	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	30	1	29	-	19	1	8	-	92	2	102
Plymouth, Third District . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	5	-	5	-	7	-	2	-	4	-	7	-	13	1	5	1	-	-	43	2	50
Peabody, District	-	-	4	-	4	-	1	-	3	-	6	-	18	-	-	1	3	-	2	1	1	-	27	3	26	4	13	3	12	-	84	12	114
Leominster, District	1	-	8	-	2	-	1	-	3	3	-	-	15	3	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	1	30	1	19	3	15	-	18	-	89	6	113
Worcester, Western District .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	2	-	9	-	3	-	5	-	4	-	28	-	31
Worcester, Third Southern District.	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	4	-	3	-	1	-	14	1	20
Hampden, Eastern District .	1	-	5	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	11	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	11	1	23
Plymouth, Fourth District .	-	-	6	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	10	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	6	-	16
Norfolk, Southern District .	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	-	7	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	42	1	32	1	20	-	9	-	111	2	120

Middlesex, First Northern District.	1	-	1	-	4	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	14	-	6	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	38	-	32	-	11	-	7	-	97	-	141
Worcester, First Eastern District.	4	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	7	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	8	1	17	
Berkshire, Fourth District .	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-	3	-	-	1	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	-	-	4	1	13	
Essex, Second District . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	9	-	7	-	5	-	3	-	27	-	29	
Barnstable, First District .	2	-	3	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	5	1	13	1	1	-	2	-	1	-	2	-	9	1	7	-	1	-	-	-	23	1	38
Barnstable, Second District .	2	-	10	-	9	-	4	-	-	-	2	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	
Berkshire, Southern District .	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4	-	-	7	-	5	-	2	-	19	-	22	
Natick, District	2	-	3	4	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	10	4	2	-	1	-	3	-	-	10	-	13	-	16	-	5	-	50	-	64	
Lee, District	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	13	
Hampshire, Eastern District .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	3	
Franklin, Eastern District . .	3	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	8	
Essex, Third District . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	17	-	11	-	6	1	41	1	42	
Winchendon, District . . .	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	5	1	3	-	2	-	13	1	18	
Dukes County, District . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Williamstown, District . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	
Nantucket, District	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	7	-	12	
Total	21	-	68	4	37	3	35	4	40	6	43	5	244	22	28	4	38	-	27	3	26	1	304	9	295	15	201	7	110	2	1,029	41	1,336
Aggregate	277	8	920	24	516	28	588	38	664	48	618	62	3,583	208	429	70	458	73	474	75	553	82	5,044	668	4,424	605	2,877	331	1,553	136	15,812	2,040	21,643

TABLE 3. — *Boston Juvenile Court.*

OFFENCE.	UNDER 10 YEARS.		10 TO 12 YEARS.		13 YEARS.		14 YEARS.		15 YEARS.		16 YEARS.		TOTAL JUVENILES.		Aggregate.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Act, unnatural	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	5
Assault and battery	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	1	-	3	-	8	1	9
Assault, indecent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Breaking and entering	25	-	37	-	21	-	18	-	21	-	8	-	130	-	130
Car fare, evading	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	3	-	3
City ordinance and town by- law, violation	2	-	11	-	3	-	4	-	2	-	2	-	24	-	24
Cruelty to animal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Dangerous weapon, carrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	-	5	-	5
Forgery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	2	3
Fornication	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	2
Gaming and present at	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	4	-	7	-	7
Larceny	10	1	51	11	20	8	28	8	43	9	24	12	176	49	225
Liquor law, violation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	-	5	1	6
Prisoner, attempt to rescue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Profanity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Property, destruction of	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5	-	5
Property, receiving stolen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	4	-	4
Runaway	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	3	-	1	5	6	6	12
Stubborn child	2	-	5	1	3	2	3	5	4	3	8	4	25	15	40
Trespassing	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Vagrancy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1
Waywardness	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	3
Total	42	1	111	12	55	11	57	15	84	15	65	23	414	77	491

TABLE 4. — *Summary of All Courts.*

COURT.	UNDER 10 YEARS.		10 TO 12 YEARS.		13 YEARS.		14 YEARS.		15 YEARS.		16 YEARS.		TOTAL JUVENILES.		17 YEARS.		18 YEARS.		19 YEARS.		20 YEARS.		21 TO 30 YEARS.		31 TO 40 YEARS.		41 TO 50 YEARS.		OVER 50 YEARS.		TOTAL ADULTS.		Aggregate.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			
Superior . . .	—	—	17	1	13	1	22	1	37	3	41	3	130	9	74	2	86	2	80	3	94	8	626	51	288	43	133	15	62	5	1,443	129	1,711
Municipal and district.	277	8	920	24	516	28	588	38	664	48	618	62	3,583	208	429	70	458	73	474	75	553	82	5,044	668	4,424	605	2,877	331	1,553	136	15,812	2,040	21,643
Boston, Juvenile .	42	1	111	12	55	11	57	15	84	15	65	23	414	77	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	491	
Total . . .	319	9	1,048	37	584	40	667	54	785	66	724	88	4,127	294	503	72	544	75	554	78	647	90	5,670	719	4,712	648	3,010	346	1,615	141	17,255	2,169	23,845

RESULTS OF PROBATION.

TABLE 5. — *Superior Courts.*

COUNTIES.	Surrendered to the Court for Violation of the Terms of Probation.	Disappeared and Defaulted.	Probation ended by New Arrest.	Case filed or Probationer discharged.
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket.	6	4	4	107
Berkshire	1	2	1	7
Essex	4	2	—	34
Franklin	—	—	—	2
Hampden	2	—	—	24
Hampshire	—	—	—	14
Middlesex	68	21	1	200
Norfolk	19	4	—	63
Plymouth	3	—	—	44
Suffolk	49	77	—	583
Worcester	30	—	11	7
Total	182	110	17	1,085

TABLE 6. — *Municipal and District Courts.*

COURTS.	Surrendered to the Court for Violation of the Terms of Probation.	Disappeared and Defaulted.	Probation ended by New Arrest.	Case filed or Probationer discharged.
<i>Boston.</i>				
Boston, Municipal	221	617	-	2,326
Boston, Juvenile	44	20	-	417
Brighton, Municipal	5	11	-	56
Charlestown, Municipal	60	29	9	634
Dorchester, Municipal	16	11	1	144
East Boston, District	12	2	11	157
Roxbury, Municipal	133	81	1	1,012
South Boston, Municipal	23	6	7	340
West Roxbury, Municipal	18	5	5	94
Chelsea, District	45	-	8	140
Total	577	782	42	5,320
<i>Over 100,000 Population.</i>				
Worcester, Central District	104	21	-	484
Springfield, District	41	4	-	439
Middlesex, First Eastern District	12	48	-	834
Bristol, Third District	83	21	-	394
Middlesex, Third Eastern District	44	138	2	400
Lowell, District	40	21	3	404
Bristol, Second District	56	11	10	546
Essex, Southern District	100	27	9	624
Lawrence, District	4	11	9	249
Total	484	302	33	4,374
<i>50,000 to 100,000 Population.</i>				
Norfolk, Eastern District	13	66	-	267
Somerville, District	9	70	-	412
Essex, First District	44	12	10	308
Brockton, District	60	12	-	333
Essex, Northern Central District	16	-	-	99
Holyoke, District	6	-	6	171

TABLE 6. — *Municipal and District Courts* — Continued.

COURTS.	Surrendered to the Court for Violation of the Terms of Probation.	Disappeared and Defaulted.	Probation ended by New Arrest.	Case filed or Probationer discharged.
<i>50,000 to 100,000 Population — Con.</i>				
Hampshire, District	-	-	-	142
Middlesex, Second Eastern District	-	20	-	138
Berkshire, Central District	11	11	-	69
Bristol, First District	12	-	4	84
Total	171	191	20	2,023
<i>25,000 to 50,000 Population.</i>				
Middlesex, Fourth Eastern District	10	5	-	83
Newton, District	5	13	-	263
Fitchburg, District	25	5	1	178
Norfolk, Northern District	17	3	1	45
Franklin, District	7	-	-	62
Worcester, First Southern District	3	-	-	3
Brookline, Municipal	3	13	-	152
Bristol, Fourth District	6	24	-	12
Plymouth, Second District	8	9	-	50
Chicopee, District	1	1	3	62
Worcester, First Northern District	2	7	-	58
Middlesex, First Southern District	4	3	-	11
Essex, Eastern District	5	1	-	17
Norfolk, Western District	13	66	-	267
Middlesex, Central District	4	11	3	253
Total	113	161	8	1,516
<i>Under 25,000 Population.</i>				
Worcester, Second Southern District	-	-	-	-
Hampden, Western District	9	1	6	79
Berkshire, Northern District	1	1	2	30
Marlborough, District	4	1	-	36
Worcester, Second Eastern District	6	-	-	48
Newburyport, District	1	-	-	103

TABLE 6. — *Municipal and District Courts* — Concluded.

COURTS.	Surrendered to the Court for Violation of the Terms of Probation.	Disappeared and Defaulted.	Probation ended by New Arrest.	Case filed or Probationer discharged.
<i>Under \$5,000 Population — Con.</i>				
Plymouth, Third District	8	-	-	28
Peabody, District	1	-	-	93
Leominster, District	1	1	-	93
Worcester, Western District	1	-	-	3
Worcester, Third Southern District	4	1	-	19
Hampden, Eastern District	-	-	-	27
Plymouth, Fourth District	2	-	-	6
Norfolk, Southern District	-	-	-	76
Middlesex, First Northern District	-	-	-	95
Worcester, First Eastern District	-	-	-	5
Berkshire, Fourth District	-	-	-	6
Essex, Second District	3	-	-	21
Barnstable, First District	2	1	-	13
Barnstable, Second District	-	-	-	18
Berkshire, Southern District	1	-	-	19
Natick, District	8	-	-	44
Lee, District	-	1	-	4
Hampshire, Eastern District	-	-	-	11
Franklin, Eastern District	2	-	-	6
Essex, Third District	-	3	-	29
Winchendon, District	1	-	-	4
Dukes County, District	-	-	-	-
Williamstown, District	-	-	-	-
Nantucket, District	-	-	1	3
Total	55	10	9	919
Aggregate	1,400	1,446	112	14,152

TABLE 7. — *Boston Juvenile Court.*

COURT.	Surrendered to the Court for Violation of the Terms of Probation.	Disappeared and Defaulted.	Probation ended by New Arrest.	Case filed or Probationer discharged.
Boston Juvenile	44	20	-	417

TABLE 8. — *Summary of All Courts.*

COURTS.	Total Results reported.	Surrendered to the Court for Violation of the Terms of Probation.	Per Cent.	Disappeared and Defaulted.	Per Cent.	Probation ended by New Arrest.	Per Cent.	Cases filed or Probationer discharged.	Per Cent.
Superior	1,394	182	13.1	110	7.9	17	1.2	1,085	77.8
Municipal and district courts.	17,110	1,400	8.2	1,446	8.4	112	.6	14,152	82.7
Boston Juvenile	481	44	9.1	20	4.2	-	-	417	86.7
Total	18,985	1,626	8.6	1,576	8.3	129	.7	15,654	82.4

PROBATION BY OFFENCES.

TABLE 9. — *Offences of which Persons placed on Probation were convicted.*

OFFENCE.	JUVENILES.		ADULTS.		Aggre- gate.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Abandonment	—	—	7	13	20
Abduction	—	—	1	—	1
Abortion	—	—	—	1	1
Abuse, carnal	1	—	3	—	4
Abuse of female child	2	—	3	—	5
Accosting person of opposite sex	—	—	29	—	29
Act, unnatural	8	—	13	1	22
Adultery	—	—	74	83	157
Affray	—	—	1	3	4
Airplane law, violation	—	—	1	—	1
Anarchy, promotion of	—	—	1	—	1
Appropriation, unlawful	50	—	87	1	138
Arson	12	—	—	—	12
Assault	22	—	165	9	196
Assault, felonious	1	—	—	—	1
Assault, indecent	4	—	14	—	18
Assault on officer	—	—	33	2	35
Assault with dangerous weapon	3	1	20	5	29
Assault with intent to kill	—	—	2	—	2
Assault with intent to rape	—	—	1	—	1
Assault with intent to rob	—	—	2	—	2
Assault and battery	80	3	793	104	980
Assault and battery on police officer	—	—	27	2	29
Assault and battery with dangerous weapon	2	—	22	—	24
Attempt to commit crime	—	—	5	—	5
Bastardy	1	—	163	—	164
Begging	2	—	—	—	2
Bigamy	—	—	3	1	4
Breaking and entering, and attempted	1,095	11	478	6	1,590
Breaking glass	57	—	47	5	109
Breaking street lights	14	—	—	—	14
Bribery, attempted	—	—	2	—	2
Car fare, evading	17	—	20	—	37
Chastity law, violation	—	—	3	1	4

PROBATION BY OFFENCES — *Continued.*TABLE 9. — *Offences of which Persons placed on Probation were convicted*
— Continued.

OFFENCE.	JUVENILES.		ADULTS.		Aggre- gate.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Cigarettes, selling to minor	—	—	1	—	1
City ordinance and town by-law, violation	86	—	170	5	261
Conspiracy	1	—	7	—	8
Contempt of court	—	—	4	—	4
Cruelty to animal	5	—	49	1	55
Dangerous weapon, carrying	33	—	148	4	185
Death of child, concealing	—	—	—	1	1
Delinquency	95	4	1	—	100
Desertion	—	—	31	4	35
Destitute parents, non-support of	—	—	75	17	92
Disorderly conduct	26	1	33	4	64
Disorderly house, keeping	—	—	6	12	18
Disturbing public assembly	27	—	19	2	48
Disturbing the peace	27	—	256	36	319
Dog, keeping unlicensed	—	—	9	2	11
Dog, keeping vicious	—	—	2	1	3
Drug law, violation	1	—	86	23	110
Drunkenness	13	2	6,945	509	7,469
Eavesdropping	1	—	2	—	3
Embezzlement	—	—	1	—	1
Entertainment, procuring fraudulently	—	—	4	—	4
Escape, attempt to	—	—	4	—	4
Explosives, possessing without license	—	—	4	—	4
Exposure, indecent	1	—	45	—	46
Fire alarm, giving false	34	1	16	1	52
Fire, setting	17	—	—	—	17
Firearm, discharging	5	—	4	—	9
Fish and game law, violation	1	—	43	—	44
Flag, misuse of	—	—	1	—	1
Food law, violation	—	—	19	1	20
Forgery	5	—	5	—	10
Forgery and uttering	1	—	25	4	30
Fornication	—	11	131	159	300

PROBATION BY OFFENCES — *Continued.*TABLE 9. — *Offences of which Persons placed on Probation were convicted*
— *Continued.*

OFFENCE.	JUVENILES.		ADULTS.		Aggre- gate.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Fraud	—	—	2	—	2
Gaming, and present at	43	—	224	1	268
Gaming on Lord's Day	23	—	42	1	66
Health law, violation	—	—	28	8	36
House of ill fame, keeping	—	—	4	10	14
Idle and disorderly	4	5	54	72	135
Illegitimate child act, violation	—	—	131	—	131
Immoral purpose, resorting to place for	—	—	—	5	5
Incest	—	—	1	—	1
Infants, boarding without a license	—	—	—	3	3
Injury, malicious	20	—	14	2	36
Labor law, violation	—	—	7	—	7
Larceny	1,331	99	1,618	481	3,529
Larceny from person	5	—	36	11	52
Lewd and lascivious cohabitation	—	2	132	164	298
Lewdness	1	4	45	27	77
Liquor law, violation	14	—	616	123	753
Lodging house law, violation	—	—	13	23	36
Loitering	13	—	48	—	61
Lord's Day, violation	6	—	23	3	32
Medical law, violation	—	—	4	3	7
Milk law, violation	—	—	18	4	22
Mischief, malicious	48	—	32	1	81
Missile, throwing	37	—	17	—	54
Motor vehicle law, violation	43	—	1,296	—	1,339
Motor vehicle, operating under the influence of liquor	—	—	64	—	64
Neglect of children	—	—	90	12	102
Neglect of family	—	—	384	5	389
Nightwalking	—	3	—	26	29
Non-support	—	—	1,083	9	1,092
Nuisance	—	—	24	8	32
Obscene language	1	—	3	4	8
Obscene literature	1	—	—	—	1

PROBATION BY OFFENCES — *Continued.*TABLE 9. — *Offences of which Persons placed on Probation were convicted*
— Continued.

OFFENCE.	JUVENILES.		ADULTS.		Aggre- gate.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
Obscene pictures	—	—	9	—	9
Park rule, violation	3	—	89	2	94
Peddling law, violation	11	—	29	1	41
Pedestrians, obstructing	3	—	5	—	8
Perjury	—	—	5	—	5
Police officer, assuming to be	—	—	3	—	3
Police officer, interfering with	—	—	3	—	3
Police officer, refusing to assist	—	—	2	—	2
Police officer, resisting	—	—	1	—	1
Polygamy	—	—	3	7	10
Prisoner, rescuing and attempted	1	—	14	2	17
Procuring	—	—	—	2	2
Profanity	3	—	30	7	40
Property, concealing leased	—	—	6	3	9
Property, concealing mortgaged	—	—	2	—	2
Property, concealing stolen	1	—	1	—	2
Property, conveying leased	—	—	9	1	10
Property, conveying mortgaged	—	—	12	1	13
Property, conveying stolen	—	—	1	—	1
Property, injury to	90	1	23	2	116
Property, receiving stolen	41	—	121	9	171
Prostitution, deriving support from	—	—	2	—	2
Railer and brawler	—	—	1	2	3
Railroad law, violation	14	—	16	1	31
Railroad signal, tampering with	6	—	—	—	6
Railroad, trespassing	64	—	5	—	69
Rape	1	—	6	—	7
Ride, stealing	38	—	41	—	79
Rioting	—	—	6	—	6
Robbery	1	—	23	—	24
Robbery, assisting	1	—	3	—	4
Runaway	12	15	1	2	30
School law, violation	12	1	55	16	84

PROBATION BY OFFENCES — *Concluded.*TABLE 9. — *Offences of which Persons placed on Probation were convicted*
— *Concluded.*

OFFENCE.	JUVENILES.		ADULTS.		Aggre- gate.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
School offender	11	1	—	—	12
Stubborn child	150	99	67	53	369
Suspicious person	—	—	1	—	1
Threatening	5	—	37	2	44
Track walking	19	—	21	—	40
Traffic law, violation	8	—	68	1	77
Trespassing	169	2	119	6	296
Truancy	113	15	—	—	128
True name law, violation	—	—	19	6	25
Uttering	—	—	3	1	4
Vagabond	—	—	22	—	22
Vagrancy	7	4	115	12	138
Weights and measures law, violation	—	—	19	—	19
Waywardness	3	9	—	—	12
Against property, miscellaneous	—	—	11	—	11
Against public order, miscellaneous	—	—	7	2	9
Total	4,127	294	17,255	2,169	23,845

PROBATION POPULATION.

TABLE 10. — *Persons remaining on Probation Sept. 30, 1921.*

COURTS.	Boys.	Girls.	Total Juveniles.	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Aggregate.
<i>Superior.</i>							
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket.	3	1	4	286	13	299	303
Berkshire	—	—	—	24	—	24	24
Essex	12	5	17	252	29	281	298
Franklin	—	—	—	8	—	8	8
Hampden	6	—	6	86	3	89	95
Hampshire	1	—	1	14	2	16	17
Middlesex	19	2	21	263	19	282	303
Norfolk	4	2	6	98	2	100	106
Plymouth	—	—	—	122	8	130	130
Suffolk	71	2	73	1,229	128	1,357	1,430
Worcester	46	3	49	421	51	472	521
Total	162	15	177	2,803	255	3,058	3,235
<i>Boston.</i>							
Boston, Municipal	—	—	—	1,597	710	2,307	2,307
Boston, Juvenile	241	82	323	—	—	—	323
Brighton, Municipal	17	5	22	51	4	55	77
Charlestown, Municipal	78	3	81	364	41	405	486
Dorchester, Municipal	34	—	34	158	19	177	211
East Boston, District	42	—	42	194	17	211	253
Roxbury, Municipal	281	19	300	555	124	679	979
South Boston, Municipal	29	2	31	106	24	130	161
West Roxbury, Municipal	71	3	74	34	4	38	112
Chelsea, District	92	3	95	548	44	592	687
Total	885	117	1,002	3,607	987	4,594	5,596
<i>Over 100,000 Population.</i>							
Worcester, Central District	133	22	155	237	34	271	426
Springfield, District	165	23	188	459	147	606	794
Middlesex, First Eastern District	60	1	61	223	7	230	291
Bristol, Third District	135	10	145	246	52	298	443
Middlesex, Third Eastern District	101	20	121	197	28	225	346
Lowell, District	63	6	69	622	94	716	785
Bristol, Second District	123	13	136	155	36	191	327

PROBATION POPULATION — *Continued.*TABLE 10. — *Persons remaining on Probation Sept. 30, 1921 — Continued.*

COURTS.	Boys.	Girls.	Total Juveniles.	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Aggregate.
<i>Over 100,000 Population — Con.</i>							
Essex, Southern District . . .	47	7	54	270	31	301	355
Lawrence, District . . .	34	5	39	139	13	152	191
Total	861	107	968	2,548	442	2,990	3,958
<i>50,000 to 100,000 Population.</i>							
Norfolk, Eastern District . . .	45	2	47	155	18	173	220
Somerville, District . . .	65	2	67	76	5	81	148
Essex, First District . . .	51	2	53	198	19	217	270
Brockton, District . . .	92	17	109	97	10	107	216
Essex, Northern Central District .	8	—	8	15	—	15	23
Holyoke, District . . .	13	2	15	59	2	61	76
Hampshire, District . . .	46	—	46	300	10	310	356
Middlesex, Second Eastern District	16	—	16	24	—	24	40
Berkshire, Central District . . .	16	5	21	75	8	83	104
Bristol, First District . . .	24	—	24	63	—	63	87
Total	376	30	406	1,062	72	1,134	1,540
<i>25,000 to 50,000 Population.</i>							
Middlesex, Fourth Eastern District	20	6	26	92	9	101	127
Newton, District . . .	58	6	64	282	23	305	369
Fitchburg, District . . .	12	—	12	39	3	42	54
Norfolk, Northern District . . .	26	—	26	19	1	20	46
Franklin, District . . .	9	—	9	40	7	47	56
Worcester, First Southern District	14	—	14	13	—	13	27
Brookline, Municipal . . .	30	2	32	93	13	106	138
Bristol, Fourth District . . .	8	—	8	24	2	26	34
Plymouth, Second District . . .	1	—	1	33	—	33	34
Chicopee, District . . .	27	1	28	41	3	44	72
Worcester, First Northern District	5	—	5	20	2	22	27
Middlesex, First Southern District	17	—	17	50	3	53	70
Essex, Eastern District . . .	17	1	18	13	—	13	31
Norfolk, Western District . . .	4	—	4	28	3	31	35
Middlesex, Central District . . .	2	1	3	60	1	61	64
Total	250	17	267	847	70	917	1,184

PROBATION POPULATION — *Concluded.*TABLE 10. — *Persons remaining on Probation Sept. 30, 1921 — Concluded.*

COURTS.	Boys.	Girls.	Total Juveniles.	Men.	Women.	Total Adults.	Aggregate.
<i>Under 25,000 Population.</i>							
Worcester, Second Southern District.	—	—	—	12	—	12	12
Hampden, Western District . .	22	3	25	76	3	79	104
Berkshire, Northern District . .	4	—	4	35	1	36	40
Marlborough, District	15	1	16	28	—	28	44
Worcester, Second Eastern District	7	—	7	25	1	26	33
Newburyport, District	2	—	2	38	1	39	41
Plymouth, Third District . . .	7	2	9	21	—	21	30
Peabody, District	6	2	8	16	1	17	25
Leominster, District	22	2	24	20	5	25	49
Worcester, Western District . .	—	—	—	4	—	4	4
Worcester, Third Southern District	3	—	3	10	—	10	13
Hampden, Eastern District . . .	9	—	9	5	—	5	14
Plymouth, Fourth District . . .	10	—	10	4	—	4	14
Norfolk, Southern District . . .	6	—	6	38	1	39	45
Middlesex, First Northern District	11	—	11	38	—	38	49
Worcester, First Eastern District .	6	1	7	3	—	3	10
Berkshire, Fourth District . . .	7	1	8	5	1	6	14
Essex, Second District	2	—	2	25	—	25	27
Barnstable, First District . . .	12	1	13	9	1	10	23
Barnstable, Second District . .	8	—	8	—	—	—	8
Berkshire, Southern District . .	2	—	2	3	—	3	5
Natick, District	4	4	8	17	—	17	25
Lee, District	6	—	6	5	—	5	11
Hampshire, Eastern District . .	1	—	1	2	—	2	3
Franklin, Eastern District . . .	2	—	2	4	—	4	6
Essex, Third District	1	—	1	7	—	7	8
Winchendon, District	1	—	1	3	1	4	5
Dukes County, District	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Williamstown, District	—	—	—	1	—	1	1
Nantucket, District	1	—	1	5	—	5	6
Total	177	17	194	459	16	475	669
Aggregate	2,684	303	3,014	11,326	1,842	13,168	16,182

COMPARATIVE DISPOSITIONS.

TABLE 11. — *Disposition of Cases after Conviction.*

COURTS.	Total Dispositions.	Probation. ¹	Per Cent.	Sentenced to Institutions. ²	Per Cent.	Fined and Fine paid.	Per Cent.	Committed for Nonpayment of Fine.	Per Cent.	Filed.	Per Cent.
<i>Superior.</i>											
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket	545	150	27.5	116	21.3	204	37.4	—	—	75	13.8
Berkshire	55	13	23.6	9	16.4	18	32.7	—	—	15	27.3
Essex	603	150	25.0	57	9.4	225	37.4	7	1.1	164	27.1
Franklin	39	10	25.6	7	18.0	11	28.2	—	—	11	28.2
Hampden	230	42	18.3	41	17.8	59	25.6	—	—	88	38.3
Hampshire	87	15	17.2	16	18.4	31	35.6	—	—	25	28.8
Middlesex	1,212	240	19.9	206	17.0	243	20.0	1	.1	522	43.0
Norfolk	217	48	22.1	58	26.7	75	34.6	1	.5	35	16.1
Plymouth	203	61	30.1	37	18.2	60	29.6	—	—	45	22.1
Suffolk	3,748	603	16.1	441	11.7	587	15.7	—	—	2,117	56.5
Worcester	1,515	379	25.0	253	16.7	255	16.9	—	—	628	41.4
Total	8,454	1,711	20.2	1,241	14.7	1,768	20.9	9	.1	3,725	44.1
<i>Boston.</i>											
Boston, Municipal	14,783	3,816	26.0	630	4.2	4,394	29.7	—	—	5,943	40.1
Brighton, Municipal	1,368	200	14.6	4	.3	608	44.4	12	.9	544	39.8
Charlestown, Municipal	3,077	927	30.1	66	2.1	1,110	36.1	72	2.4	902	29.3
Dorchester, Municipal	2,690	279	10.5	14	.7	1,398	52.0	12	.6	987	36.2
East Boston, District	1,803	553	30.7	20	1.1	578	32.1	11	.6	641	35.5
Roxbury, Municipal	8,562	1,525	17.9	137	1.6	2,558	29.8	34	.4	4,308	50.3
South Boston, Municipal	2,757	446	16.2	115	4.1	562	20.4	—	—	1,634	59.3
West Roxbury, Municipal	2,260	328	14.5	39	1.8	1,217	53.9	22	.9	654	28.9
Chelsea, District	2,915	1,045	35.9	89	3.1	1,163	39.9	49	1.6	569	19.5
Boston, Juvenile	923	491	53.2	75	8.1	—	—	—	—	357	38.7
Total	41,138	9,610	23.3	1,189	2.9	13,588	33.1	212	.5	16,539	40.2

¹ Including suspended sentence.² Not including suspended sentence.

COMPARATIVE DISPOSITIONS — *Continued.*TABLE 11. — *Disposition of Cases after Conviction* — Continued.

COURTS.	Total Dispositions.	Probation. ¹	Per Cent.	Sentenced to Institutions. ²	Per Cent.	Fined and Fine paid.	Per Cent.	Committed for Nonpayment of Fine.	Per Cent.	Filed.	Per Cent.
<i>Over 100,000 Population.</i>											
Worcester, Central District	5,626	619	10.9	2,156	38.4	1,852	32.9	134	2.4	865	15.3
Springfield, District	3,101	675	21.8	167	5.4	1,359	43.7	358	11.6	542	17.5
Middlesex, First Eastern District	2,015	971	48.2	33	1.6	754	37.5	—	—	257	12.7
Bristol, Third District	2,249	673	29.9	223	9.9	816	36.3	27	1.2	510	22.7
Middlesex, Third Eastern District	1,762	704	39.9	315	17.9	385	21.8	80	4.6	278	15.8
Lowell, District	2,247	594	26.6	206	9.1	746	33.4	8	.4	693	30.6
Bristol, Second District	2,188	724	33.1	349	16.0	675	30.8	29	1.3	411	18.8
Essex, Southern District	2,999	844	28.2	102	3.4	482	16.0	—	—	1,571	52.4
Lawrence, District	1,589	304	19.1	201	12.6	697	43.8	103	6.6	284	17.9
Total	23,776	6,108	25.7	3,752	15.7	7,766	32.7	739	3.2	5,411	22.7
<i>50,000 to 100,000 Population.</i>											
Norfolk, Eastern District	1,570	481	30.7	59	3.8	541	34.4	36	2.3	453	28.8
Somerville, District	1,470	605	40.9	31	2.0	452	30.9	2	.1	380	26.1
Essex, First District	1,277	426	32.2	145	11.1	439	37.2	12	.1	255	19.4
Brockton, District	1,665	545	32.7	134	8.1	460	27.6	68	4.1	458	27.5
Essex, Northern Central District	826	164	19.9	91	11.0	315	38.1	23	2.8	233	28.2
Holyoke, District	1,295	216	16.7	66	5.1	839	64.8	121	9.3	53	4.1
Hampshire, District	736	210	28.5	38	5.2	257	35.0	29	3.9	202	27.4
Middlesex, Second Eastern District	1,149	230	20.0	32	2.8	465	40.4	3	.3	419	36.5
Berkshire, Central District	704	165	23.5	38	5.3	227	32.2	18	2.6	256	36.4
Bristol, First District	609	152	25.4	41	6.9	310	51.8	12	.2	94	15.7
Total	11,301	3,194	28.2	675	6.0	4,305	38.1	324	2.9	2,803	24.8

<i>25,000 to 50,000 Population.</i>												
Middlesex, Fourth Eastern District	1,086	137	12.7	48	4.4	621	57.2	10	.9	270	24.8	
Newton, District	847	483	57.1	28	3.3	209	24.6	1	.1	126	14.9	
Fitchburg, District	777	203	26.2	27	3.5	322	41.4	—	—	225	28.9	
Norfolk, Northern District	686	71	10.4	36	5.2	377	54.9	32	4.7	170	24.8	
Franklin, District	416	59	14.1	10	2.4	256	61.6	20	4.8	71	17.1	
Worcester, First Southern District	472	41	8.7	68	14.4	235	49.8	12	2.5	116	24.6	
Brookline, Municipal	667	185	27.8	11	1.6	245	36.7	—	—	226	33.9	
Bristol, Fourth District	702	85	12.1	74	10.6	349	49.7	4	.5	190	27.1	
Plymouth, Second District	514	69	13.5	29	5.8	306	59.4	5	.9	105	20.4	
Chicopee, District	648	83	12.8	67	10.3	338	52.1	14	2.2	146	22.6	
Worcester, First Northern District	510	52	10.2	32	6.2	328	64.4	5	1.0	93	18.2	
Middlesex, First Southern District	353	89	25.4	17	4.8	122	34.4	—	—	125	35.4	
Essex, Eastern District	410	50	12.2	11	2.7	225	54.9	6	1.4	118	28.8	
Norfolk, Western District	354	46	13.0	30	8.6	177	49.9	8	2.3	93	26.2	
Middlesex, Central District	522	233	44.7	19	3.6	183	35.1	4	.6	83	16.0	
Total	8,964	1,886	21.1	507	5.7	4,293	47.8	121	1.3	2,157	24.1	
<i>Under 25,000 Population.</i>												
Worcester, Second Southern District	308	1	.4	12	3.7	256	83.1	8	2.6	31	10.2	
Hampden, Western District	528	135	25.6	24	4.6	258	48.8	21	3.9	90	17.1	
Berkshire, Northern District	203	50	24.7	17	8.3	80	39.4	12	5.9	44	21.7	
Marlborough, District	181	86	47.6	5	2.8	57	31.4	—	—	33	18.2	
Worcester, Second Eastern District	319	56	17.5	20	6.3	209	65.5	12	3.8	22	6.9	
Newburyport, District	443	102	23.0	5	1.1	217	49.0	—	—	119	26.9	
Plymouth, Third District	308	50	16.2	16	5.2	121	39.3	—	—	121	39.3	
Peabody, District	1,391	114	8.2	86	6.2	367	26.4	583	41.9	241	17.3	
Leominster, District	293	113	38.6	26	8.8	98	33.5	2	.7	54	18.4	
Worcester, Western District	122	31	25.4	—	—	83	68.0	2	1.7	6	4.9	
Worcester, Third Southern District	114	20	17.6	8	7.0	43	37.7	3	2.7	40	35.0	
Hampden, Eastern District	23	23	100.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Plymouth, Fourth District	235	16	6.8	27	11.5	138	58.7	1	.4	53	22.6	
Norfolk, Southern District	272	120	44.3	12	4.3	107	39.2	3	1.1	30	11.1	
Middlesex, First Northern District	379	111	29.3	3	.7	73	19.2	4	1.1	188	49.7	
Worcester, First Eastern District	94	17	18.1	—	—	41	43.7	24	25.5	12	12.7	
Berkshire, Fourth District	162	13	8.1	11	6.7	114	70.4	—	—	24	14.8	
Essex, Second District	555	29	5.2	12	2.2	314	56.6	1	.2	199	35.8	
Barnstable, First District	44	38	86.3	4	9.1	—	—	—	—	2	4.6	
Barnstable, Second District	145	27	18.7	3	2.	76	52.4	1	.7	38	26.2	

¹ Including suspended sentence.² Not including suspended sentence.

COMPARATIVE DISPOSITIONS — *Concluded.*TABLE 11. — *Disposition of Cases after Conviction — Concluded.*

COURTS.	Total Dispositions.	Probation. ¹	Per Cent.	Sentenced to Institutions. ²	Per Cent.	Fined and Fine paid.	Per Cent.	Committed for Nonpayment of Fine.	Per Cent.	Filed.	Per Cent.
<i>Under 25,000 Population — Con.</i>											
Berkshire, Southern District	182	22	12.1	7	3.8	132	72.5	—	—	21	11.6
Natick, District	182	64	35.2	27	14.8	57	31.3	—	—	34	18.7
Lee, District	178	13	7.4	7	3.8	102	57.3	10	5.7	46	25.8
Hampshire, Eastern District	110	3	2.7	10	9.1	80	72.7	2	1.9	15	13.6
Franklin, Eastern District	140	8	5.7	8	5.7	108	77.2	—	—	16	11.4
Essex, Third District	44	42	95.4	1	2.3	—	—	—	—	1	2.3
Winchendon, District	69	18	26.1	6	8.7	38	55.2	2	2.8	5	7.2
Dukes County, District	79	—	—	1	1.4	69	87.3	—	—	9	11.3
Williamstown, District	52	2	3.8	—	—	33	63.5	—	—	17	32.7
Nantucket, District	14	12	85.7	—	—	2	14.3	—	—	—	—
Total	7,169	1,336	18.7	358	5.0	3,273	45.7	691	9.6	1,511	21.0
Aggregate	100,802	23,845	23.7	7,722	7.7	34,993	34.7	2,096	2.1	32,146	31.8

¹ Including suspended sentence.² Not including suspended sentence.

RELEASES BY PROBATION OFFICERS.

TABLE 12. — *Persons released without Court Action (Drunkenness) and from Jails.*

COURTS.	PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRUNKENNESS.			PRISONERS.
	Arrests.	Releases.	Per Cent.	Releases.
<i>Superior.</i>				
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket.	—	—	—	5
Berkshire	—	—	—	—
Essex	—	—	—	12
Franklin	—	—	—	1
Hampden	—	—	—	6
Hampshire	—	—	—	—
Middlesex	—	—	—	—
Norfolk	—	—	—	5
Plymouth	—	—	—	5
Suffolk	—	—	—	49
Worcester	—	—	—	75
Total	—	—	—	158
<i>Boston.</i>				
Boston, Municipal	17,034	10,979	64.5	23
Boston, Juvenile	—	—	—	—
Brighton, Municipal	666	369	55.4	—
Charlestown, Municipal	1,832	267	14.5	3
Dorchester, Municipal	634	359	56.6	—
East Boston, District	2,004	1,218	60.7	—
Roxbury, Municipal	4,398	1,499	33.6	4
South Boston, Municipal	2,865	2,080	72.6	—
West Roxbury, Municipal	860	254	29.5	—
Chelsea, District	1,368	307	22.4	—
Total	31,661	17,332	54.7	30
<i>Over 100,000 Population.</i>				
Worcester, Central District	3,058	1,742	56.9	14
Springfield, District	886	113	12.7	30
Middlesex, First Eastern District	930	98	10.5	—
Bristol, Third District	1,165	722	61.9	12
Middlesex, Third Eastern District	1,944	1,331	68.4	—
Lowell, District	1,826	947	51.8	13

RELEASES BY PROBATION OFFICERS — *Continued.*TABLE 12. — *Persons released without Court Action (Drunkenness) and from Jails — Continued.*

COURTS.	PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRUNKENNESS.			PRISONERS.
	Arrests.	Releases.	Per Cent.	Releases.
<i>Over 100,000 Population — Con.</i>				
Bristol, Second District	1,501	960	63.9	6
Essex, Southern District	1,453	467	32.1	14
Lawrence, District	1,944	1,477	75.9	35
Total	14,707	7,857	53.4	124
<i>50,000 to 100,000 Population.</i>				
Norfolk, Eastern District	595	154	25.1	5
Somerville, District	565	31	5.4	3
Essex, First District	698	422	60.4	30
Brockton, District	878	355	40.4	9
Essex, Northern Central District	709	384	54.1	6
Holyoke, District	608	—	—	6
Hampshire, District	246	19	7.7	—
Middlesex, Second Eastern District	554	143	25.8	—
Berkshire, Central District	350	75	21.4	2
Bristol, First District	427	215	50.3	—
Total	5,630	1,798	31.9	61
<i>25,000 to 50,000 Population.</i>				
Middlesex, Fourth Eastern District	359	61	16.9	12
Newton, District	297	10	3.3	—
Fitchburg, District	625	309	49.4	—
Norfolk, Northern District	86	—	—	2
Franklin, District	76	19	25.0	1
Worcester, First Southern District	161	100	62.1	—
Brookline, Municipal	168	10	5.9	—
Bristol, Fourth District	120	20	16.6	4
Plymouth, Second District	263	1	.3	1
Chicopee, District	222	5	2.2	1
Worcester, First Northern District	257	—	—	—
Middlesex, First Southern District	116	29	25.0	2
Essex, Eastern District	197	83	42.1	3
Norfolk, Western District	96	2	2.0	—
Middlesex, Central District	170	2	1.2	—
Total	3,213	651	20.2	26

RELEASES BY PROBATION OFFICERS — *Concluded.*TABLE 12. — *Persons released without Court Action (Drunkenness) and from Jails — Concluded.*

COURTS.	PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRUNKENNESS.			PRISONERS.
	Arrests.	Releases.	Per Cent.	Releases.
<i>Under 25,000 Population.</i>				
Worcester, Second Southern District	91	—	—	—
Hampden, Western District	154	10	6.4	2
Berkshire, Northern District	251	24	9.5	—
Marlborough, District	75	3	4.0	—
Worcester, Second Eastern District	97	1	1.0	—
Newburyport, District	304	185	60.8	—
Plymouth, Third District	89	60	67.4	1
Peabody, District	259	84	32.4	12
Leominster, District	135	—	—	2
Worcester, Western District	5	—	—	—
Worcester, Third Southern District	47	19	40.4	1
Hampden, Eastern District	55	1	1.8	1
Plymouth, Fourth District	89	13	14.6	1
Norfolk, Southern District	86	—	—	2
Middlesex, First Northern District	58	7	12.0	—
Worcester, First Eastern District	12	—	—	—
Berkshire, Fourth District	93	36	38.7	—
Essex, Second District	301	90	29.9	—
Barnstable, First District	1	—	—	—
Barnstable, Second District	—	—	—	1
Berkshire, Southern District	44	—	—	—
Natick, District	68	9	13.2	6
Lee, District	22	1	4.5	—
Hampshire, Eastern District	33	5	15.1	—
Franklin, Eastern District	9	—	—	1
Essex, Third District	108	—	—	1
Winchendon, District	18	4	22.2	—
Dukes County, District	—	—	—	—
Williamstown, District	1	—	—	—
Nantucket, District	—	—	—	—
Total	2,505	552	22.0	31
Aggregate	57,716	28,190	48.8	430

COLLECTIONS BY PROBATION OFFICERS.

TABLE 13. — *Collections of Moneys under Orders of the Court.*

COURTS.	Restitu- tion.	Non- support.	Court Expense.	Suspended Sentences.	Total.
<i>Superior.</i>					
Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes County and Nantucket.	\$489 85	\$12,580 26	\$15 00	—	\$13,085 11
Berkshire	—	1,018 00	—	—	1,018 00
Essex	6,564 09	24,258 00	1,050 70	\$43 58 ¹	31,916 37
Franklin	—	—	—	—	—
Hampden	647 51	2,376 00	—	—	3,023 51
Hampshire	—	584 00	30 00	—	614 00
Middlesex	3,655 80	42,892 53 ²	1,434 00	—	47,982 33
Norfolk	702 50	3,456 57	—	—	4,159 07
Plymouth	1,083 00	7,059 75	—	—	8,142 75
Suffolk	21,381 08	105,413 84	939 06	—	127,733 98
Worcester	4,958 17	10,309 23	85 00	—	15,352 40
Total	\$39,482 00	\$209,948 18	\$3,553 76	\$43 58	\$253,027 52
<i>Boston.</i>					
Boston, Municipal	\$24,182 57	\$92,185 56	\$7,639 62	\$8,380 80 ³	\$132,388 55
Boston, Juvenile	1,304 14	—	187 33	—	1,491 47
Brighton, Municipal	688 74	15,218 06	—	2,341 75	18,248 55
Charlestown, Municipal . . .	952 73	4,849 35	—	4,197 00	9,999 08
Dorchester, Municipal . . .	469 25	9,992 00	—	1,827 00	12,288 25
East Boston, District	1,272 65	14,327 20	—	4,523 00	20,122 85
Roxbury, Municipal	4,733 38	62,258 13	—	7,675 00	74,666 51
South Boston, Municipal . . .	862 04	8,871 30	—	2,442 00	12,175 34
West Roxbury, Municipal . . .	167 73	996 25	—	2,218 00	3,381 98
Chelsea, District	540 88	11,808 27	853 67	5,128 15	18,330 97
Total	\$35,174 11	\$220,506 12	\$8,680 62	\$38,732 70	\$303,093 55
<i>Over 100,000 Population.</i>					
Worcester, Central District . .	\$998 05	\$21,420 39	\$62 14	\$2,672 35	\$25,152 93
Springfield, District	3,669 15	32,534 64	33 50 ⁴	3,625 65	39,862 94
Middlesex, First Eastern District	1,230 89	18,136 60	100 00	9,105 50	28,572 99
Bristol, Third District	2,960 24	25,275 35	366 76	2,938 52	31,540 87
Middlesex, Third Eastern Dis- trict.	1,987 79	22,574 47	379 00	2,461 72	27,402 98
Lowell, District	1,482 48	19,874 72	128 78	2,423 50	23,909 48

¹ \$43.58 interest.² Includes \$213.30 interest.³ Includes \$2,109.50 collected in divorce cases.⁴ \$33.50 interest.

COLLECTIONS BY PROBATION OFFICERS — *Continued.*TABLE 13. — *Collections of Moneys under Orders of the Court — Continued.*

COURTS.	Restitu- tion.	Non- support.	Court Expense.	Suspended Sentences.	Total.
<i>Over 100,000 Population — Con.</i>					
Bristol, Second District . . .	\$2,060 29	\$23,613 07	\$246 75	\$2,259 00	\$28,179 11
Essex, Southern District . . .	3,354 80	50,775 96	2,940 42	6,697 25	63,768 43
Lawrence, District . . .	2,009 80	15,611 45	—	1,830 00	19,451 25
Total . . .	\$19,753 49	\$229,816 65	\$4,257 35	\$34,013 49	\$287,840 98
<i>50,000 to 100,000 Population.</i>					
Norfolk, Eastern District . . .	\$1,244 89	\$11,239 25	\$112 60	\$3,901 50	\$16,498 24
Somerville, District . . .	1,468 02	8,938 08	—	1,507 00	11,913 10
Essex, First District . . .	2,644 53	23,095 63	1,255 49	2,907 20	29,902 85
Brookton, District . . .	651 78	14,910 05	—	3,548 00	19,109 83
Essex, Northern Central District	553 65	6,250 50	—	238 00	7,042 15
Holyoke, District . . .	576 11	6,402 04	—	1,078 50	8,056 65
Hampshire, District . . .	608 27	5,220 00	—	4,978 78	10,807 05
Middlesex, Second Eastern Dis- trict.	276 35	5,395 33	—	1,037 50	6,709 18
Berkshire, Central District . .	1,092 97	9,468 25	—	1,147 96	11,709 18
Bristol, First District . . .	81 00	1,396 00	—	30 00	1,507 00
Total . . .	\$9,197 57	\$92,315 13	\$1,368 09	\$20,374 44	\$123,255 23
<i>25,000 to 50,000 Population.</i>					
Middlesex, Fourth Eastern Dis- trict.	\$277 00	\$3,618 00	—	\$2,695 00	\$6,590 00
Newton, District . . .	1,178 69	10,070 50	—	2,090 00	13,339 19
Fitchburg, District . . .	434 96	1,569 87	—	2,548 00	4,552 83
Norfolk, Northern District . .	27 75	3,178 33	—	130 00	3,336 08
Franklin, District . . .	170 00	1,656 00	—	780 00	2,606 00
Worcester, First Southern Dis- trict.	77 23	549 19	—	—	626 42
Brookline, Municipal . . .	1,354 98	4,615 09	\$5 00	1,122 90	7,097 97
Bristol, Fourth District . . .	15 00	1,416 50	3 10	546 00	1,980 60
Plymouth, Second District . .	885 00	1,021 70	—	1,197 00	3,103 70
Chicopee, District . . .	616 50	1,614 00	—	219 00	2,449 50
Worcester, First Northern Dis- trict.	468 20	1,287 04	42 00	—	1,797 24
Middlesex, First Southern Dis- trict.	247 34	3,133 00	61 93	—	3,442 27
Essex, Eastern District . . .	146 10	4,184 50	—	140 00	4,470 60
Norfolk, Western District . .	—	2,633 50	—	255 00	2,888 50
Middlesex, Central District . .	430 00	1,746 78	26 05	2,798 75	5,001 58
Total . . .	\$6,328 75	\$42,294 00	\$138 08	\$14,521 65	\$63,282 48

COLLECTIONS BY PROBATION OFFICERS — *Concluded.*TABLE 13. — *Collections of Moneys under Orders of the Court* — *Concluded.*

COURTS.	Restitu- tion.	Non- support.	Court Expense.	Suspended Sentences.	Total.
<i>Under 25,000 Population.</i>					
Worcester, Second Southern Dis- trict.	—	\$21 00	—	—	\$21 00
Hampden, Western District	—	392 00	—	\$815 00	1,207 00
Berkshire, Northern District	\$107 23	2,494 50	—	—	2,601 73
Marlborough, District	114 47	862 75	\$1 80	195 00	1,174 02
Worcester, Second Eastern Dis- trict.	249 10	600 00	—	—	849 10
Newburyport, District	114 34	2,190 10	30 00	—	2,334 44
Plymouth, Third District	275 05	291 00	6 00	723 87	1,295 92
Peabody, District	72 05	3,872 00	50 00	50 00	4,044 05
Leominster, District	149 54	1,284 00	—	739 50	2,173 04
Worcester, Western District	70 00	919 75	—	—	989 75
Worcester, Third Southern Dis- trict.	7 25	946 66	—	70 00	1,023 91
Hampden, Eastern District	158 00	1,108 00	—	1,072 00	2,338 00
Plymouth, Fourth District	840 84	750 50	10 00	1,295 00	2,896 34
Norfolk, Southern District	45 00	502 00	23 25	1,971 00	2,541 25
Middlesex, First Northern Dis- trict.	39 00	334 00	—	636 40	1,009 40
Worcester, First Eastern District	—	293 58	—	—	293 58
Berkshire, Fourth District	—	471 00	—	—	471 00
Essex, Second District	—	492 50	—	1,861 50	2,354 00
Barnstable, First District	1 50	1,191 50	—	—	1,193 00
Barnstable, Second District	—	710 00	—	—	710 00
Berkshire, Southern District	11 00	1,471 00	104 46	—	1,586 46
Natick, District	81 00	1,435 19	—	—	1,516 19
Lee, District	—	42 00	—	—	42 00
Hampshire, Eastern District	81 50	1,095 00	2 50	—	1,179 00
Franklin, Eastern District	16 00	1,216 00	—	—	1,232 00
Essex, Third District	15 00	1,132 00	—	104 00	1,251 00
Winchendon, District	—	339 00	—	285 00	624 00
Dukes County, District	—	27 00	—	—	27 00
Williamstown, District	—	—	—	—	—
Nantucket, District	31 35	14 00	—	—	45 35
Total	\$2,479 22	\$26,498 03	\$228 01	\$9,818 27	\$39,023 53
Aggregate	\$112,415 14	\$821,378 11	\$18,225 91	\$117,504 13	\$1,069,523 29

DIRECTORY OF PROBATION OFFICERS.

SUPERIOR COURT.

14 Courts, 20 Officers, including 5 Women.

COURTS.	Officer.	Began Service.	Address.
Barnstable County	Frank J. Condon	1917	174 Elm Street, North Attleborough.
Bristol County .			
Dukes County .			
Nantucket County			
Berkshire County .	David L. Evans	1907	Box 1498, Pittsfield.
Essex County .	Charles A. Salisbury	1917	Court House, Lawrence.
Franklin County	Miss Mabelle L. Smith	1920	
Hampshire County	George H. Bean	1917	160 Main Street, Northampton.
Hampden County .	Edward A. Hall	1908	Court House, Springfield.
Middlesex County	James P. Ramsay	1901	Court House, East Cambridge.
Norfolk County	Miss M. Louise Higginbotham .	1910	
Plymouth County	Albert F. Kirkby	1914	Court House, Brockton.
	Edwin Mulready, Chief	1921	
	Charles M. Warren	1891	
	James F. Wise	1903	
Suffolk County	Miss Catherine F. Reilly	1903	Room 206, Court House, Boston.
	Miss Alice M. Power	1903	
	Mrs. Frances McCormick	1905	
	John J. Barter	1913	
	Arthur R. Towle	1914	
	Joseph A. McManus	1910	
Worcester County	James Early, Chief	1906	Room 620, State Mutual Building, Worcester.
	James F. McLaughlin	1910	

DISTRICT COURTS.

Barnstable County.

2 Courts, 2 Officers.

First District . . .	Henry S. Hutchings	1908	Box 126, Barnstable.
Second District . .	Irving L. Rosenthal	1902	317 Commercial Street, Provincetown.

DISTRICT COURTS — *Continued.**Berkshire County.*

6 Courts, 6 Officers.

COURTS.	Officer.	Began Service.	Address.
Lee District . .	John J. Waddock	1894	Lee.
Williamstown District	George H. Prindle	1891	Williamstown.
Central District . .	David L. Evans	1907	Box 1498, Pittsfield.
Northern District . .	Charles L. Frink	1891	District Court, North Adams.
Southern District . .	John W. Cropper	1919	Great Barrington.
Fourth District . .	William O'Brien	1897	District Court, Adams.

Bristol County.

4 Courts, 6 Officers, including 1 Juvenile.

First District . .	Charles J. Nichols	1903	District Court, Taunton.
Second District {	Bartholomew Shay	1914	District Court, Fall River.
	William J. McGrath, Juvenile . .	1916	
Third District . . {	Edward A. DeWolf	1914	District Court, New Bedford.
	George D. Cram	1919	
Fourth District . .	John H. Nerney	1910	District Court, Attleboro.

Dukes County.

1 Court, 1 Officer.

District	Samuel E. McDonald	1916	Oak Bluffs.
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Essex County.

9 Courts, 12 Officers, including 3 Juvenile.

Newburyport District.	Benjamin F. Hathaway	1904	District Court, Newburyport.
First District . .	William H. Hart	1912	District Court, Salem.
Second District . .	James E. Doran	1914	Amesbury.
Northern Central District.	Edward B. Savage	1894	District Court, Haverhill.
	Silas L. Morse, Juvenile	1915	
Southern District {	Charles H. Colby	1904	District Court, Lynn.
	Thomas A. Farmer, Juvenile . .	1912	
Eastern District . .	Edward J. Horton	1901	District Court, Gloucester.
Third District . .	George A. Schofield	1915	District Court, Ipswich.
Lawrence District {	Fred F. Flynn	1916	District Court, Lawrence.
	Thomas J. McEneaney	1911	
Peabody District . .	Arthur W. Sim	1917	District Court, Peabody.

DISTRICT COURTS — *Continued.**Franklin County.*

2 Courts, 2 Officers.

COURTS.	Officer.	Began Service.	Address.
Franklin District .	James M. Burke	1907	District Court, Greenfield.
Eastern District .	James R. Kimball	1919	Orange.

Hampden County.

5 Courts, 10 Officers, including 2 Juvenile and 3 Women.

Chicopee District .	James C. Donegan	1916	City Hall, Chicopee.
Holyoke District {	Orphir E. Genest	1896	City Hall, Holyoke.
	Thomas Stansfield, Juvenile .	1920	
Springfield District {	Bernard T. J. Smyth, Chief .	1914	80 Court Street, Springfield.
	Miss Katharine A. Carney, Assistant.	1918	
	Dr. Amber A. Starbuck, Assistant.	1918	
	Roger F. Keleher, Juvenile .	1919	
Eastern District .	Roy E. Cummings	1906	Palmer.
Western District {	Edward G. Clark, Chief . . .	1902	Westfield.
	Mrs. Edward G. Clark	1915	

Hampshire County.

2 Courts, 2 Officers.

Hampshire District .	John L. Sullivan	1917	Court House, Northampton.
Eastern District .	J. Gardner Lincoln	1903	Ware.

Middlesex County.

12 Courts, 21 Officers, including 3 Juvenile and 4 Women.

Lowell District . {	Joseph L. Cronin	1921	District Court, Lowell.
	Charles F. Richardson, Juvenile	1909	
	Mrs. Mary M. Hearn	1921	
Marlborough District	William G. Regan	1915	Court House, Marlborough.
Newton District {	Michael J. Enegess	1917	Court House, West Newton.
	Mrs. Arthur G. Wellman, Assistant.	1917	
Somerville District {	William P. Jones	1912	50 Bow Street, Somerville.
	James T. Mulroy, Juvenile .	1913	
Central District .	John J. Dee	1913	Concord.

DISTRICT COURTS — *Continued.**Middlesex County* — Concluded.

COURTS.	Officer.	Began Service.	Address.
First Northern District.	Thomas F. Mullin . . .	1912	Ayer.
First Southern District.	William H. Twiss . . .	1919	Court House, Framingham.
First Eastern District.	William M. F. Killion . . .	1904	Court House, Malden.
	Louis N. Tyzzer, Assistant . . .	1912	
Second Eastern District.	Charles F. Chase . . .	1903	Court House, Waltham.
	J. Stuart Cameron, Assistant . . .	1921	
Third Eastern District.	William F. Donovan . . .	1914	51 Spring Street, East Cambridge.
	Miss Lucy C. Hutchins, for women and juveniles.	1906	
	Mrs. Annie F. Collins, Assistant . . .	1919	
	Frederick B. M. Cady, M.D., Assistant.	1921	
Fourth Eastern District.	Dennis C. Walsh . . .	1905	Court House, Woburn.
Natick District .	Francis C. Perry . . .	1917	Natick.

Nantucket County.

1 Court, 1 Officer.

Nantucket District .	Walter H. Burgess . . .	1918	Nantucket.
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Norfolk County.

5 Courts, 6 Officers, including 1 Woman.

Brookline Municipal	Evan C. Thorpe . . .	1920	Court House, Brookline.
	Miss Josephine Wilder, Assistant . . .	1921	
Northern District .	Walter S. Bagley . . .	1917	Court House, Dedham.
Southern District .	Abram C. Paul . . .	1905	Stoughton.
East District . .	Francis J. Fahy . . .	1912	District Court, Quincy.
Western District .	Harry L. Howard, pro tem. . .	1919	Franklin.

Plymouth County.

4 Courts, 5 Officers, including 1 Woman.

Brockton District	Charles A. Parris . . .	1915	Court House, Brockton.
	Mrs. Louise E. Lake, Assistant . . .	1915	
Second District .	Herbert L. Pratt . . .	1900	Hingham.
Third District . .	John E. Miles . . .	1912	Plymouth.
Fourth District .	Luke F. Kelly . . .	1913	Middleborough.

DISTRICT COURTS — *Continued.**Suffolk County.*

10 Courts, 51 Officers, including 10 Juvenile and 16 Women.

COURTS.	Officer.	Began Service.	Address.
Boston Juvenile	John B. O'Hare	1912	Room 127, Court House, Boston.
	Miss Mary A. Burke	1916	
	Walter C. Bell	1918	
	Thomas F. Teehan	1919	
	Albert J. Sargent, Chief	1906	
	Francis A. Dudley, First Deputy Chief.	1910	
	Miss Mary L. Brinn, Second Deputy Chief.	1912	
	Frank L. Warren	1906	
	Miss Elizabeth A. Lee	1907	
	Albert J. Fowle	1909	
	Frank E. Hawkes	1912	
	Miss Alfretta P. McClure	1912	
	James H. Knight	1912	
	Edward F. Coughlin	1913	
Boston Municipal	Eugene J. Callanan	1913	Room 309, Court House, Boston.
	Miss Theresa C. Dowling	1913	
	Miss Margaret H. Markham	1913	
	Miss Ethel Wood	1914	
	Robert E. McGuire	1915	
	Miss Annie M. Kennedy	1915	
	William J. Joyce	1916	
	William A. Maloney	1916	
	Miss Eleanor F. Holland	1916	
	Francis A. McCarthy	1917	
	Miss Bessie G. Kaufman	1917	
	Edward J. Bromberg	1918	
	Miss Alice D. Keating	1919	
	John P. Bogan, Jr.	1921	
Brighton Municipal	Thomas G. Davis	1921	Court House, Brighton.
	George J. McDonnell, pro tem.	1921	
	Edward J. Drummond	1915	
	James D. Coady, Chief	1914	
Charlestown Municipal.	William E. Carney	1918	Court House, Charles- town.
	Mrs. Ellena M. Foley, Juvenile	1919	
Dorchester Municipal	Reginald H. Mair	1915	Court House, Dorchester.

DISTRICT COURTS — *Concluded.**Suffolk County* — *Concluded.*

COURTS.	Officer.	Began Service.	Address.
East Boston District.	Dennis J. Kelleher	1914	Court House, East Boston.
	Frederick L. O'Brien, Juvenile	1914	
Roxbury Municipal	Joseph H. Keen	1909	Court House, Roxbury.
	Mrs. Celia S. Lappen, for women	1905	
	Ulysses G. Varney, Assistant . .	1911	
	Matthew M. Leary, Assistant . .	1917	
	Mrs. Alice B. Dillaby, Assistant .	1918	
	Edward A. Fallon, Juvenile . .	1912	
South Boston Municipal.	Clayton H. Parmelee	1911	Court House, South Boston.
	Miss Ellen McGurty, Assistant . .	1905	
	James F. Gleason, Juvenile . .	1914	
West Roxbury Municipal.	Frank B. Skelton	1911	Court House, Jamaica Plain.
	T. Henry Staples, Juvenile . .	1917	
	Miss Ellen H. Gleason, Deputy . .	1916	
Chelsea District	Frederick W. Proctor	1917	Court House, Chelsea.
	Ned F. Hoyt, Juvenile	1919	

Worcester County.

11 Courts, 13 Officers, including 1 Woman.

Fitchburg District .	Bernard L. McManus	1921	District Court, Fitchburg.
Central District	Joseph P. McIntyre, Chief	1918	District Court, Worcester.
	Benjamin Cooper	1918	
	Miss Marion S. Dunn	1921	
First Northern District.	Charles B. Boyce	1891	Gardner.
First Southern District.	Marcus L. Dillaber	1899	Southbridge.
Second Southern District.	John Nugent	1917	Blackstone.
Third Southern District.	William G. Pond	1908	Milford.
First Eastern District	Thomas H. Treadway	1895	Westborough.
Second Eastern District.	William S. Duncan	1913	Clinton.
Western District .	John P. Ranger	1902	North Brookfield.
Winchendon District	Arthur F. Evans	1918	Winchendon.
Leominster	George E. Proulx	1919	Leominster.